REGISTER No. 6—1878

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,079.—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1878.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

THE Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follow:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
For Annum	Rs. 48	For Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

TO SUBSCRIBERS UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
For Annum	Rs. 52	For Annum	Rs. 68
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	36
Quarterly	16	Quarterly	20
Monthly	6	Monthly	7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

SINGLE COPY..... As. 4.

Price for back numbers varies according to time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	2 8
Third do.	2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	0 2½ As.

A line but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion ..... 8 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 4½ „ „
Third and succeeding ..... 2½ „ „
In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ..... „ 0-3 As.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES

SHIPPING.

STEAM TO LONDON FROM KURRACHEE, CALLING AT ADEN, HODEIDA, JEDDAH, ALGIERS, & LISBON.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited) will despatch the S. S. PATNA, 1,780 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander J. E. WITHERS, as above, SATURDAY, the 9th March 1878.

The Patna is fitted in the usual style of the Company's vessels, and has excellent accommodation for 24 First-class Passengers and 16 Second-class.

The steamers leaving Bombay on THURSDAY, the 28th February 1878, and on TUESDAY, the 5th March for Kurrachee, can carry forward Cargo and Passengers for transfer to the Patna.

For Freight or passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. AVA," 2600 Tons, 341 H.P. Commander H. T. DICKINSON, on SATURDAY, the 9th March 1878, at 4 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE, Interchanging Cargoes and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the COCONADA, 863 Tons, 140 H. P., Commander A. MORRIS, on THURSDAY, the 21st March 1878, at 4 p.m., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, GWADER, JASK, BUNDERAHBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSHEHR, and occasionally at BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

N.B—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the fair season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every THURSDAY at 4 p.m., and an extra Steamer on every TUESDAY at 10 a.m.

The S.S. VINGORLA, 920 H.P., Commander R. D. DOUGHERTY, on TUESDAY, the 19th March 1878, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porc Bander, and Cutch Mandvie.

The S. S. COCONADA, 863 Tons, 140 H. P., Commander A. MORRIS, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 21st March 1878, at 4 p.m.

N. B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, and on the 1st *of each month,*

For extra steamers see list given below.

PASSENGERS' RATES,

Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	£22	£15	£4	Including Wines
Suez	36	32	8	
Port Said	38	34	9	
Messina	50	34	14	
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	34	14	
Marseilles	52	35	14-10	

Without food.

Children under 3 years—free of charge. Children not above 10 years—half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

ASSIRIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st April 1878.
ARABIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st May 1878.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 A. M. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, January 1, 1878.

HALL LINE.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, DIRECT, AND TO LONDON, OVERLAND *via* NAPLES OR GENOA.

THE S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE, 2,300 Tons register, 300 H. P. nominal, Captain T. COLLIN, will sail on the 23rd March, and will be followed by the

S. S. TRENTHAM HALL,
2,100 Tons register, 300 H. P. nominal,
Captain J. SHAW, on the 3rd April,
and by the
S. S. CHILDWALL HALL,
2,100 Tons register, 300 H. P. nominal,
Captain F. PUTT, on the 15th May,
and by the
S. S. BRANKENHALL,
2,100 Tons register, 300 H. P. nominal,
Captain BRAND, on the 29th May,
and by the
S. S. RYDALL HALL,
2,500 Tons register, 350 H. P. nominal,
on the 15th June.

This Steamer is the latest addition to the Line, having just been sunched in the Clyde. Her Saloon and State rooms are all on deck and many other improvements have been made to meet the requirements of the trade.

For passage, &c. apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

N. B.—Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co. and Messrs. KING, BAILLIE and Co. are the Passenger Agents for this Line in London and Liverpool respectively. Arrangements for Remittances, Sovereigns, Circular Notes, Shipment of Baggage, &c., will be attended to by Messrs. KING, KING & Co. here.

Bombay, December 27, 1877.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.
BOMBAY TO NAPLES AND LIVERPOOL *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.

THE following or other First Class Steamers of the Anchor Line will sail from Bombay as under:—

	Tons. H.P.	From Bombay.	
ITALIA	2,915 425	March	16
OLYMPIA	2,030 434	„	30
INDIA	2,889 500	April	17
MACEDONIA	2,272 486	May	1
TRINACRIA	2,107 424	„	8

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

To Naples ..... Rs. 400
To Liverpool ..... „ 500

Passengers desirous of making a short stay in Italy, may disembark at Naples and proceed on to Liverpool by the following steamer, and passengers disembarking at Naples can have their heavy baggage taken on to Liverpool without any extra charge.

Messrs. HOLME & Co., the Company's Agents at Naples, will render any assistance, and tender any information required by the Passengers.

Passengers booked and cargo engaged in connection with the Trans-Atlantic Service from London and Glasgow to New York.

For Passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay November 13, 187

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain.	1878
— VENETIA	2726 450	W. B. Andrews	18th Mar.
(c) EDUS	3470 600	S. D. Shallard	26th do.
— ZAMBESI	2431 370	A. Symons	1st April
(c) AUSTRALIA	3663 600	G. F. Cates	8th do
— SUMATRA	2488 450	C. Anderson	15th do
(c) BOKHARA	3932 450	W. D. Anderson	22nd do
— BANGALORE	2063 500	E. G. Stead	29th do
(c) HINDUSTAN	3143 600	W. W. Haselwood	6th May
— CHINA	2016 400	T. Alderton	13th do
(c) DECCAN	3429 550	G. D. Gaby	20th do

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (c) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 P.M. on the day of sailing.

For Passage &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 13th February 1878.

TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta:—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	
NIZAM	2725 450	A. E. Barlow	10th March.
GWALIOR	2725 450	J. C. Babot	2nd April.
LOMBARDY	2725 450	J. Orman	16th „
THIBET	2593 400	J. H. Torbock	29th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head at Mazagon at 3 P. M. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 5th March 1878.

TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO AND GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	
TANJORE	2263 459	W. W. Fentiman	29th March.
SIAM	3000 550	G. N. Hector	26th April.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head at Mazagon at 3 P. M. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 5th March 1878.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

SPECIAL THREE-MONTHLY RETURN TICKETS.

TO suit the convenience of Government Officials and others taking PRIVILEGE LEAVE, the Company has arranged to issue from this date RETURN TICKETS available for THREE MONTHS (counting from the date of sailing to the date of arrival) at the following REDUCED RATES:—

Bombay to Brindisi or Venice and back (including transit through Egypt) ..... Rs. 950
Ditto with the option of travelling ONE way *vid* Southampton ..... „ 1,000

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 15th December 1877.

BOMBAY AND HAVRE STEAMERS.
Passage Money, Rs. 450.

THE well-known Passenger Steamer GLAMORGAN, 2,411 Tons, 400 H. P., sailing for Havre direct about 5th April, has excellent accommodation for a large number of passengers.

Apply to

NESSERWANJEE MANOCKJEE & Co.,
Agents.

S. S. EUROPEAN, 3,000 TONS.
TO SAIL ON THE 23RD OF MARCH.

THE above Steamer has excellent accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers for Liverpool.

1st Class, Rs. 450. 2nd Class, Rs. 300.

For passage and shipping baggage, apply to

WHEATLEY, MADDEN & Co.,
Passenger Agents, Bombay.

TO LIVERPOOL, *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.
S.S. STRATHLEVEN, 2,300 Tons.
C. W. PEARSON, Commander.
TO SAIL 10TH APRIL, POSITIVELY.

THIS well-known and magnificent Steamer will have despatch as above, and is expected to make a quick passage. She has been built expressly for the Indian trade, and has excellent accommodation for Passengers, both on the main deck and in a saloon built on deck. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

CARE..... Rs. 500

exclusive of Wines, &c., which can be procured on board at moderate prices.

For passage and further particulars apply to

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.
W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, January 11, 1878.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company will despatch the following First Class Passenger Steamers, on the undermentioned dates:—

Vessels.	Capt.	Disp. Tons.	H.P.	
S.S. ETTORE	C. Lazarich	3500	400	on 25th Mar. 1878.
S.S. POLLUCE	G. Ragusin	4211	250	on 15th Apr. „
S.S. ACHILLE	F. Forti	3500	400	on 10th May. „
S.S. CASTORE	G. Marussig	3737	250	on 27th „ „

All Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 450	Rs. 350	Rs. 180 0
To Port Said	„ 330	„ 255	„ 131 0
To Suez	„ 300	„ 240	„ 122 8
To Aden	„ 170	„ 130	„ 66 0

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM TRIESTE TO LONDON

Via Vienna, the Rhine, Ostende or Calais and Dover, are granted by the Undersigned at

	Via Calais.	Via Ostende.
First Class, Trieste to London	£12-3	£11-18
Second Class, Trieste to Cologne	£9-19	£9-14
First Class, Cologne to London		

Travellers with through tickets are allowed lbs. 55 free luggage.

Tickets are available for two months from the date of departure from Trieste.

For further particulars, and for Freight and Passage, apply to the Company's Office.

J. JANNI,
Agent A. H. Lloyd's S. N. Company.

28, Bombay Green, February 12, 1878.

NOTICE.

TO THE SHIPPING IN THE HARBOUR, MESSES, CLUBS, SCHOOLS, HOTELS, &c., &c.
NEW SEASON TEAS.

BEST INDIAN TEAS at the cheapest rates.

	Price per lb.	Rs.	As.
KANGRA VALLEY ORANGE PEKOE		1	8
Do. PEKOE SOUCHONG		1	6

Five per cent discount 15 lbs. and upwards.

M. H. MAJU & Co.,
Apollo Street, Apollo House, Fort, Bombay.

A RELIABLE FILTER

IS an essential requisite for all TRAVELLERS and RESIDENTS in INDIA, where PURE WATER is so absolutely necessary to health. A large assortment of the most approved descriptions are on sale by the Undersigned, who will furnish details upon application.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER,
BOTTLED BY FOSTER.

THE SEASON'S DISTILLATION of this deliciously refreshing Beverage has arrived, and fully maintains the high reputation of the Bottlers.

Quarts per doz. Cash Rs. 8-0.
Pints „ „ „ 5-8.

SOLE AGENTS,
TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILSON'S
GREAT WORLD CIRCUS
AND
COLOSSAL HIPPODROME.

LAST NIGHTS. LAST NIGHTS.

We claim superiority in magnitude, quality, variety, and originality, in every department to any travelling exhibition extant.

WE COURT THE VERDICT OF THE PUBLIC AND STAND BOLDLY BY ITS DECISION.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCES IN BOMBAY.

This Saturday Afternoon and Evening is the commencement of our last week, and the management have determined to out-do ALL THEIR FORMER EFFORTS.

COME ONE, COME ALL, and instil in your minds a never-to-be forgotten, and useful hint, that the all-essential qualification to accomplish anything and everything IS THEE WILL TO DO IT.

We are often asked, how do you make such a large concern pay? And as often asked reply, because everybody patronises us. We have not only the Mechanics, Artizans, and working People generally—all of them pay us a visit—but also the woman and children, the Clergy, Judges, Barristers, Solicitors, Physicians, Merchants, Clerks, Public and Private Schools, Sabbath Schools, Nobility and Gentry, IN FACT EVERYBODY, for we please the tastes of all and never exhibit anything that can offend the eye or ear of the most refined, religious, or fastidious. Old Ladies and Old Gentlemen, who have our visited any exhibition for a quarter of century, are among our visitors, and we never give any one cause to regret a visit to our VAST EXHIBITION.

THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING

will be presented, for the first time in Bombay, the laughable scenic representation of

DONNYBROOK FAIR,
OR
LIFE IN OULD IRELAND,
in which will be introduced,
CLIMBING THE GREASED POLE FOR A PURSE OF MONEY.

SACK RACES, PONY AND MULE RACES, STEEPLE CHASES, FLAT RACES, and every incident connected with the FAIR Scenes in the

OULD COUNTRY.

All the Grandly-trained Horses, all the Great Stars, all the Great Performers, the Comic Mule "Barney," and the cunning little Ponies in a

GRAND TRIPLE PROGRAMME.

FOR THESE OUR FAREWELL PERFORMANCES.
CHEAP PRICES.
CHEAP PRICES.
BE KIND TO THE POOR.

All poor children, whose parents or guardians are unable to pay, will be admitted free to the Afternoon Exhibition, a special place having been set aside for that purpose.

SCHOOLS ATTENDING IN A BODY will be admitted on most liberal terms at any of our Farewell Performances, either Afternoon or Evening.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Private Boxes to seat 8	Rs. 30
Do. do. do. 4	15
Dress Circle	3
Stalls	2
Parquette	1
Pit	As. 8

Children half price to all parts of the Tent.

NOTICE.

HALL LINE
S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE
SAILS for Liverpool on SATURDAY, the 23rd inst., POSITIVELY.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

NOTICE.

ANCHOR LINE
S. S. ITALIA.

PASSENGERS per above Steamer are requested to be on board by 9 a.m. TO-DAY, as the Steamer will start precisely at 10.

The Company's Steam Launch will be in attendance at the Apollo Bunder from 7 a.m., for the convenience of Passengers.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

SURVEYORS WANTING EMPLOYMENT to apply at Office of Agent and Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway.

Bombay, 15th March 1878.

FOR SALE, TENTS, the property of Mr. ASHBURNER.

2 Single-pole Jubbulpore Tents, 16 feet square, to pitch together or singly, chicks and carpets complete.
1 Jubbulpore Shamiana, 36 feet square, chicks and carpets.
1 do Shamiana, 25 feet square complete.
1 Bengal Routie, 14 feet square.

L. ASHBURNER.

HIGH COURT.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

In the PROPERTY and CREDITS of KHURSEDJEE NUSSERWANJEE CHINAI, late of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant, deceased.

MERWANJEE SORABJEE CHINAI, *alias* MERWANJEE KHURSEDJEE CHINAI, Nephew of the above-named deceased. } Applicant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an APPLICATION for LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION to the PROPERTY and CREDITS of the above-named KHURSEDJEE NUSSERWANJEE CHINAI, deceased, has been made to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by the above-named Applicant, as the sole next of kin of the said deceased. All persons concerned or interested in the Property and Credits of the said deceased are hereby informed of such application having been made.—Dated this 15th day of March 1878.

JEMSETJEE CURSETJEE CAMA,
Applicant's Proctor.

B. S. MADON AND COMPANY,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DISPENSING DEPARTMENT.

PRESCRIPTIONS are accurately dispensed with, Pure Drugs and Medicines, and the Department is kept open day and night, under the entire supervision of experienced European Assistants.

TAMAR INDIEN,
OR
THE FRUIT LOZENGES.

Gently act on the bowels and relieve habitual constipation. Re. 1-8.

B. S. MADON & Co.,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line 8 As. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

REV. J. GELSON GREGSON will (D. V.) Address Meetings in the Baptist Chapel This Evening at 8 p. m. and To-morrow Evening at 6 p. m. All are invited.

WANTED, a Native Clerk for Merchant's Office, who writes a Good Hand and sharp at Accounts. Apply by letter with Testimonials "W. L." at this Office.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED in the FORT by a Married Couple. Terms must be moderate. Address OMEGA, care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WANTED a BED-ROOM and SITTING-ROOM in a breezy situation in the Fort, Rampart Row preferred. Address L., Bombay Club.

FOUND, a BULL TERRIER DOG. Owner can have him on describing the animal and paying for advertising. Apply to M. A. C., care of this Pap er.

BOMBAY TEMPERANCE LEAGUE SOIREE, Town Hall, 18th March, 7-30 p.m. Addresses by Rev. J. G. GREGSON and others. ADMISSION—EIGHT ANNAS.

FORT.—BOARD and LODGING. Terms as per agreement. No. 6, Forbes Street, near Rampart Row.

TO LET, at Matheran, a compact Bungalow of delightfully situated, with a Drawing, Dining, two Bed and Dressing and Bath Rooms. R. KOLAJI & Co., Meadow Street.

PONIES.—FOR SALE, a few magnificent PEGU PONIES. Apply to X., care of this Office.

JEFFREY'S BEER FOR SALE, at our Godowns, in casks of 3 doz. quarts, at Rs. 12 per cask and 6 doz. pints at Rs. 16. C. MACDONALD and Co.

SPONGES.—Just received, a small parcel of large, medium and small Sponges, finest quality and cheap. J. NEUBERG, Meadow Street.

FOR SALE, COTTAGE PIANO in Walnut case, good tone. Rs. 350. Apply to Q. E., care of this paper.

FOR SALE, pair of TONGA PONIES. First rate stagers. Price Rs. 150. Apply by letter to Lieutenant Colonel GREIG, R. E., Fort Office, Poona.

FOR SALE, a Chesnut ARAB, aged 7, height 14-1; a Bay Arab aged 6, height 14-2. Both are trained chargers and will carry a lady. For particulars apply to Lieut-Colonel JUSTICE, Military Secretary.

FRESH ARRIVAL of A. DAVIS' SADDLERY, Linen Sheets and Rollers, Fawn Suit Clothing complete, Horse Brushes, and Patent Wheel Skates of sizes. For full particulars apply to A. S. REUBEN, 32, Meadow Street, Bombay.

A PARK PHAETON, nearly new; pair of well-bred DECCAN PONIES and Brass-Mounted English HARNESS. Both ponies regularly ridden by a lady. Price Rs. 950. Apply to Professor WORDSWORTH, Breach Candy.

FRESH BREAD MADE BY MACHINERY, thus ensuring perfect cleanliness. J. PEARSE, Fort-Crawford Market and Falkland Road.

STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS.

THE Company import WRITING APPLIANCES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, for use in the Office, Study, or Boudoir; and a variety of elegancies for the Drawing-room Table, for Presentation, or for personal use.

The PAPERS and ENVELOPES supplied are from MESSRS. DE LA RUE & Co., the well known superiority of whose manufacture of these articles guarantees their quality.

The LEATHER GOODS.—ALBUMS, CARD CASES, DESKS, POCKET-BOOKS, PURSES and WRITING CASES of all kinds—are of the very best (Levant and Turkey) Morocco and real Russia, respectively, and thoroughly well finished for long service in extreme climates.

Stock is imported by FREQUENT OVERLAND CONSIGNMENTS to ensure constant presentation to the Customer of Fresh Goods in the best condition.

THE STOCK COMPRISES:

ACCOUNT BOOKS, plain and locked.
ALBUMS, for Portraits and Landscapes.
BLOTTING CASES, plain and elegant.
BLOTTING PADS, and Paper, and Bouquet Papers.
BRISTOL MOUNTS, of superior quality, in sizes.
CARDS, Playing and Visiting.
CARD CASES, for the above, in variety.
CARD AND LETTER RACKS, and Date Boxes.
DESKS, "Albert," "Traveller's," &c.
DIARIES, in various editions.
ESCRITOIRES and Envelope and Paper Cases.
EYELETS, Presses, Gum Bottles and Erasers.
INKS, by Blackwood, Stephens, and others.
INKSTANDS, Invoice Files and Ivory Tablets.
LETTER SCALES, Cages, and Cases.
MANUSCRIPT BOOKS, and Music Paper.
PAPERS & ENVELOPES, for local or postal correspondence.
PAPER CLIPS, Fasteners, Knives, & Weights.
PENS, Steel and Quill, of every kind.
PEN CLEANERS, Knives, Makers, and Racks.
POCKET-BOOKS, useful and elegant, in variety.
PURSES, Porte-monnaies, in variety.
QUILLS, Made Quill Pens, and Nibs.
SCRAP BOOKS, and Portfolios for Music, Drawing, &c.
SLATES, Ordinary, Book, and Porcelain.
STATIONERY CABINETS of Solid Mahogany, Oak, or Walnut.
STATIONERY CASES of Oak, Japanned Tin, or Walnut.
TOURISTS' WRITING CASES, in Morocco and Russia, fitted.
TRAVELLERS' COMPANION, being Desk and Dressing Case in one
TRAVELLERS' or "No Plus Ultra," Writing Case.

BIBLES, CHURCH SERVICES, AND PRAYER BOOKS.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND Co
BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, best plated, glass and porcelain wares (a handsome Brougham if not previously sold).

Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. have received instructions from James Kingemill, Esquire, to sell by Public Auction at his residence in Fort, at the Old Secretariat, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 16th March 1878, sale commencing at 1 p.m., the whole of his richly carved and open work blackwood sets of drawing room's handsome French polished and English bedroom's and neat and plain dining room furniture, a handsome Brougham &c., &c., [property on view.]

N.B.—For detail please refer this paper, dated 15th March 1878.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 16th March 1878.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 16th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey, coloured and other piece goods, such as shirtings, maddopolins, &c., to close an account, samples of hardware, brushes, looks, lamps, &c., &c.

At 1 p. M

A pair of chesnut Australian gelding.

AUCTION SALE of valuable, choice and rare plants, &c., at the "Ridge," 119, Malabar Hill.

On FRIDAY, the 22nd instant, at 6 A.M. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place the valuable choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, the property of W. J. Best, Esquire.

Catalogues will be published, and the garden will be on view at 6 to 9 A.M. and 4 to 6 P.M. from WEDNESDAY, the 20th.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome and French polished and richly carved household furniture, plated, glass and porcelainware, etc., at Middle Colaba, opposite the Post Office.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, etc., the property of E. M. Walton, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th March 1878.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass and porcelain ware, a sewing machine by Wheeler and Wilson, plants, books, &c., at No. 5, Mazagon, opposite the Mazagon Castle.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 16th inst., sale commencing at 1 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at his residence No. 5, Mazagon, the whole of the handsome, household furniture, sewing machine, books, plants, &c., the property of E. Minors, Esq., the same comprises star cut glassware, handsome dinner, dessert, and breakfast services, best plated vegetable dishes, ice pitcher, cruet, and pickle frames, tea and coffee service, spoons, and forks, waiters, table argand lamps, table chamber and piano candlesticks, cutlery and handsomely carved, and French polished blackwood, furniture, comprising dining room, drawing room, pier, writing, dressing, and wash hand table, conversation reclining and sofa couches, drawing room, easy arm and without arm chairs, teapoys, side board, chiffonier, whatnot, 1 and 2 light lustres, screens, four posts bedstead, wardrobe, camp cot, baba cot, clothes press, almira, chest of drawers, a mahogany sewing machine by Wheeler and Wilson, flower vases, chromolithographs and pictures, table ornaments, bath, dispense, and cook room furniture and utensils, plants, books, &c.

Catalogues are ready and the furniture is on view.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass and porcelain wares, seemigrand planoforte, &c., at No. 12, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, next door to the house occupied by Messrs. Wheatley, Madden and Co.

On MONDAY next, the 18th inst. at, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the 2nd floor of No. 12, Elphinstone Circle, the hand some household furniture the property of Messrs. Bonar.

Full particulars will appear in Monday's paper, and the furniture will be on view this afternoon.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH STORES.

On FRIDAY next, the 22nd inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co will sell by Public Auction at the Government Telegraph Store ground at Borre Bunder, a quantity of unserviceable stores comprising galvanized wire of sizes, old wire, copper, lead, zinc, brass, tools, packing cases, lithographic press with stone, clocks, &c., &c.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES AT THE GUN CARRIAGE FACTORY, BOMBAY.

On TUESDAY, the 26th March, at 12 o'clock noon, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Gun Carriage Factory, Middle Colaba, a quantity of unserviceable stores, comprising hammers, augers, saw blades, chisels, files, Cooper's cronie, rasps coarse, saws, gunny-bags, brass filing, packing cases, water casks, leather pieces and strappings, old iron, &c.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms a quantity of grey and colored piece goods.

Also by order of the Administrator General the property of the late Alexander Thompson, Esq., gold watch by Craighead and Webb with chain, studs, and links and pone l.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 16th March 1878.

CHINA TEA.
JUST RECEIVED

SUPPLIES of Richly Flavoured Oolong CONGOU, guaranteed to be picked from the first growth of the Season 1877-8. Lovers of China Tea will find this parcel a great treat, the quality being far superior to anything hitherto imported into this market, and very rarely procurable in the European markets.

Per 1 lb. packet, Cash Re. 1-12

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BRAND & CO.'S
SPECIALITIES FOR INVALIDS,
CONSISTOF
CONCENTRATED BEEF TEA, VEAL, MUTTON, AND CHICKEN BROTHS.
ESSENCES OF BEEF, MUTTON, CHICKEN, &c.
TURTLE AND OTHER SOUPS.
SAVORY MEAT LOZENGES &c., &c.

Extract from Lancet, 18th March 1877.

ESSENCE OF BEEF, MUTTON, VEAL & CHICKEN AND AND Co.

"Although these preparations can now hardly be called novelties, we notice them on account of their great value in medical practice.

"They consist of the pure juice of the flesh, extracted by heat and clarified, but not concentrated and otherwise untouched. The juice sets to a thin Jelly as clear as sherry, and the flavour of the meat is perfectly preserved. The first idea of this kind of preparation is due, we think, to Dr. Druitt, and if so, the profession is indebted to him for a very useful combination of food and stimulant. The essences are best used cold, but may also be liquified by heat, and used as encmata. Of course they do not keep long when once opened.

"The same firm prepares concentrated Extract of Beef and nvalid Turtle Soups, both excellent in quality."

Detailed Price Lists, with further opinions of the press, may be obtained of the

SOLE AGENTS,
TREACHER & COMPANY (LIMITED),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.
N. B.—THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

NOTICES.

DOUBLE WALL ICE JUGS,
PRESERVE ICE OR ICED DRINKS.
CHAMPAGNE OR CLARET CUP,

At a low temperature for a much longer period than other vessels. The constant use of them is attended with

GREAT CONVENIENCE AND ECONOMY.

Richly plated with silver, in a variety of handsomely chased patterns, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 60.

TREACHER & Co. (Limited.)

CIGARETTES.

	Cash.
COPE'S "BOUQUET" & "PEERLESS," per box of 100 .. Rs.	2 10
WILLS'S "PASSING CLOUDS," per box of 100	2 10
REAL TURKISH, made from the finest selected Tobacco, with and without mouthpieces, per box of 100	2 10
Do. do. do. per box of 50..	1 8
Do. do. do. do. 24..	0 12

TREACHER & CO, (LD.)

REAL AMERICAN
"SQUEEZER" PLAYING CARDS,
Best quality, of the strongest material, and being highly finished on both sides, they slip readily when handled.

An important feature is that by reference to the "INDICATORS" in the corners all chance of making a mistake in the hand is avoided, as such "Indicators" show the Suit and Size. This allows of the hand being compressed into a very small space, and hence the name "SQUEEZERS." The "Indicators" are in addition to the ordinary pipes made to run both ways.

	Cash.	Credit.
"Squeezers" with round corner...per pack	Re. 1 8	Re. 1 12
„ „ ... „ doz. packs	17 0	19 0
„ gilt edged ... „ pack	1 12	2 0
„ „ ... „ doz. packs	20 0	22 8

CONSIGNMENT JUST UNPACKED BY
TREACHER & COMPANY (LD.),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LADIES PASSING THROUGH BOMBAY,
ON

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, 15TH MARCH 1878.

We have had an extremely quiet day in business here, the political intelligence being generally regarded as indicating a decidedly critical position.

Commercial advices from Home of yesterday's date do not show any very important change. Consols are still quoted at 95⅝, and French Rentes at 110½. In Coffee a decline of 1s. per cwt. is reported in Native, but Plantation is said to be steady. Cocoanut Oil is unaltered, as also are arrival quotations for Wheat, and in Seeds we have only to notice an advance of 1s. per quarter in Rapeseed, both on the spot and to arrive.

The Manchester Piece Goods Market remains quiet, and Cotton in Liverpool yesterday closed with supplies freely offered, sales 8,000 bales. Spot quotations, as given by Reuter, make a decline of 1-16d in Fair Dhollera, G. F. Ginned Broach, G. F. Ginned Dharwar, and Mid. Orleans, and to arrive transactions have taken place in good Dhollera, with the good clause, at 5 7-16d. and good Oomra, with the F. G. F. clause, at 5d. per lb., both March-April shipment via Canal. These indicate a decline of quite 1-16d., and judging from the tone of private messages we have not yet seen the bottom. Low Americans are so plentiful that spinners are rapidly going off Surats, and however small our crop may be, any deficiency on this side sinks into insignificance in the face of the large receipts at the American ports.

From New York, yesterday's telegram still quotes ready Mid. Uplands at 11 cents., but Futures are not quoted. The receipts at the ports to date are as follows :—

	1878.	1877.	1876.
Thursday's Receipts ...	14,000	7,000	7,000
Six days' do.	67,000	37,000	55,000
Total since 1st Sept.	3,710,000	3,642,000	3,622,000

The weekly return of the Bank of England for the week ending on Wednesday shows an increase of £300,000 in the Reserve, but there is at the same time an increase in Discounts of £1,900,000, and the proportion of the Reserve to Liabilities has receded from 39½ to 37½ per cent. The market rate of discount on 6 months' Bank Bills, however, still remains at 2½ per cent.

Bar Silver in London is now quoted by Reuter at 54½d. to 54¾d. per oz., an advance of ⅛d., and this is confirmed by private advices. Owing to this and slightly firmer advices from Calcutta, STERLING EXCHANGE this morning opened strong, the Banks showing more disposition to buy than sell at an advance of 1-16d. to ⅛d. in Bank and 1-16d. per Rupee in Private Paper. This rise has been maintained up to the close, but later advices from Calcutta being slightly easier, a sympathetic feeling has been apparent here during the afternoon, and the market closes quiet at the following quotations :—

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 8⅞d.	per Rupee.
Do. 6 months' sight..	1s. 9 1-16d.	"
Credits, 3 "	1s. 8 31-32 to 1-9d.	"
Documents, 3 "	1s. 9d. to 1s. 9 1-16d.	"

On Calcutta we have not heard of any fresh transactions and we still quote Demand Drafts at 3-16 per cent. premium, 60 days' sight at 1 to 1¼ per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is quiet with next to nothing doing, but values are not quotably altered, say :—Fours, Rs. 94¼ ; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 94¾ ; Five-and-a-half, Rs. 103 to ⅛ ; Fives-and-a-half, Rs. 103 to ⅛.

SHARES are quiet and inactive. In Land Companies there is no movement of any kind to notice, speculation being suspended pending the result of the Government offers. In Banks we quote an advance of Rs. 1 in Agras and Rs. 2 in Nationals, while Bank of Bombays have receded to Rs. 690 per share. In Press Companies a decline of Rs. 150 has taken place in Akbar, Rs. 25 in Colaba and Volkart's United, Rs. 10 in Apollo and East India, while Port Press are Rs. 50 per share higher. Spinning and Weaving Co.'s are dull and slightly irregular. Alliance have declined Rs. 25, Hindustan and Madras United Rs. 10, while an advance of Rs. 5 has taken place in Bombay United, Colaba, Great Eastern, and Khandesh, and Rs. 25 in Sholapore Spinning and Weaving.

The COTTON MARKET remains in the same stagnant position. Dull accounts from Home keep buyers out of the market, while sellers, influenced by the high prices ruling up-country, are indifferent about accepting current rates. Considerable firmness is also derived from the comparative scarcity of ready Cotton which commands very full rates. Practically prices are unaltered from yesterday.

FREIGHTS are still dull at £1-7-6 by Steamer and £1-12-6 by sailing ship for Liverpool. The supply of tonnage of all kinds remains largely in excess of current requirements, and it is difficult at the moment to see how employment will be found for all the vessels offering.

PIECE GOODS are unchanged in every respect. Dull and depressed is the report both from first hands and the Bazaar, and prices are barely supported.

COALS remain very quiet, and we do not hear of any fresh business having been done.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Banks	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash, Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p. ct	125
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	6 do.	695
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 p. c	690
National Bank of India.	10,000	500	all	6 do.	109
Bank of Madras	60,000	250	all	10 do.	665

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Albert Mills	400	2,000	1,700	..		750
Alexandra S. and W. Co.	750	1,250	all	50	p.s*	1,050
Alfred Mills Co.	250	1,000	1,000	80	p.s.	1,150
Alliance Spinning	500	2,500	all	100	p.s.	1,560
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	30,000	100	100	..		70
Bhowmagur M. and P. Company	300	2,000		40	p.s.	1,350
Bombay United.....	900	1,000	all	25	p.s*	940
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company.....	2,000	200	all	15	p.s*	245
Broach Mills	2,000	100	all	10	p.s.	95
Colaba S. and W. Co.'s	900	1,000	all	40	p.s*	725
Coorla S. and W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	20	p s	970 xd.
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	450	..		635
Dharumsey Spinning ..	3,000	2,000	all	35	p.s*	785
Fleming S. and W. Co..	1,500	1,250	all	50	p.s*	1,250
Great Eastern.....	1,400	1,000	all	50	p.s	1,105
Hindustan S. & W. Co..	875	1,000	all	30	p.s.	870
Hydrabad S. and W. Co	700	1,000	1,000	..		750
Jawraj Balloo Mills	750	1,000	all	45	p.s*	915
Khandesh Spinning	750	1,000	all	60	p.s*	1,185
K. Muconjee S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	45	p.s*	815
Madras Spinning	300	1,250	all	Nil		625
Madras U. Spinning	425	1,000	all	80	p.s*	1,210
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co.	30,000	50	50	..		30
Mandvie S. and W. Co..	1,200	500	all	25	p.s*	310
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	30	p.s*	1,725
Morarjee Spinning	1,043	1,000	all	60	p.s*	1,180
Managon S. and W. Co..	2,000	5,000	..	..		235
National S. and W. Co. of India.....	950	1,000	all	50	p.s*	850
Neriad S. and W. Co....	400	1,000	all	..		650
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.....	600	2,000	all	..		600
Nursey S. and W. Co....	2,500	400	all	20	p.s*	325
Oriental	2,000	625	all	35	p.s*	707½
Prince of Wales Spinning	600	1,250	all	75		1,500
Sassoon S. & W. Co.....	1,500	1,000	all	..		880
Scoondras Spinning	650	1,000	all	75	p.s.	700
Do do, ½ Share..	800	1,000	250	125	p.s.	265
Sholapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	..		875
Victoria Mills	425	1,000	all	40	Rs.	650

*Per Share for the half-year.

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co..	150	5,000	2,8500	150	p.s.	1,100
Albert Co., Kurrachee..	200	2,000	1,100	12½	do	860
Albert Ginning Co.....	100	500	all	12½	do.	650
Apollo Press Co.....	750	2,750	2,200	32	p.s.	470
Bellary	178	1,000	all	60		635
Berar Company (New)..	155	500	all	45	p.s	440
Indian Press Co.....	1,000	350	all	14	do	150
Broach Cotton Co	400	250	all	10	do	68
Carwar Co	1,000	1,500	all	75	do	908
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	all	80	do	525
Dhollera P. and G. Co.	500	300	all	15	do	220
East India Press Co...	852	1,000	all	100	do	840
Fort Press Co	50	8,500	8,250	50	do	1,200
French Press Co.....	300	500	all	40	do	310
Imperial Press Co.....	1,150	..	1,400	100	do	800
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.....	1,125	400	350	40	do	365
Prince of W. Press	120	..	1,500	250	do	350
Sassoon's Press Co.....	600	500	all	25	do	325
Scinde Press Co.....	400	850	750	60	do	440
Scinde & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld....	100	1,000	925	150	do	1,050
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	150	850	all	12	p.c.	600
Volkart's United Press Co.....	50	1,000	1,000	75	p.s.	525

*For Share for the half-year.

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New)..	2,948	2,000	all	20	p.*	820
Frere Land and Pier Co. Limited.....	7,800	150	all	4	p. s.	104
Mazagon Land	1,750	2,000	1,000	20	p. s.	325
Port Canning Land Company, Limited.....	8,000	1,400	all	13	p.s.	240

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock.....	..	£20	218 3⁄0	5	p. c.	284
Do. New £20 Shares....	..	£20	13 0 14 0	do.		26
Ditto	..	£20	6 5 7 0	do.		72
Ditto	..	£20	21 1 21 1	Ditto.		32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do.		1,100
Do. New Shares. ..	..	£18	19 6 5 15	do.		245

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	187½	p.s*	1,270
Bombay Gas Company..	50,000	50	all	7½	p. ct	68
Bombay Saw Mills Co..	600	1,000	all	80	p. s.	600
Landing and Shipping Co of Kurrachee, Ld..	500	500	300	36	p. s.	275
Malabar Company, Ld..	1,150	200	100	7½	p. ct	6½
Mechanical Buildings Co.	1,000	500	all		p. s.	25
Treacher and Co.....	1,990	500	all	11	p. ct	580
Vegas Patent Slip Co..	3,000	250	all	6	p. ct	..

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic for the week ending 9th March 1878.

Open 1,3823 Miles.	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	1,15,922	0	0
Merchandize	7,13,841	12	0
Telegraph	1,078	0	0
Total Rs.....	8,30,841	12	0

Corresponding week last year, open 1,3823 Miles .....Total Rs..... 7,57,789 8 11

Decrease..... 73,052 3 1

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE, AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE S. S. AYRSHIRE, 870 tons, Captain P. Wallace, sailed yesterday for Dunkirk with a general cargo.

THE BARQUE FOREST GROVE, 343 tons, Captain J. J Pearson, will sail to-day for Bremerhaven with a general cargo.

THE ANCHOR LINE P. S. ITALIA, 1,451 tons, Captain J. Donaldson, will sail to-day for Liverpool, via the Suez Canal, with a general cargo.

THE S. P. PEHLWAN, 51 tons, Nacoda, arrived in harbour on the 14th inst., from Coast and Bhownuggur, with a general cargo and 75 deck passengers.

THE S. S. ECLIPSE, 1,041 tons, Captain J. R. Homan, arrived in harbour yesterday from Newport, 10th Feb., via Port Said, with a cargo of 1,628 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

THE S.S. ALBULA, 1,221 tons, Captain G. Bradley, arrived in harbour on the 14th instant from Cardiff, 4th Jan., via Malta, Port Said, and Aden, with a cargo of 2,216 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's S.S. VINGOBLA, 315 tons, Captain R. D. Dougherty, arrived in harbour on the 14th instant from Kattywar Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo, 2 horses, 9 dogs, and the following passengers :—His Highness Aga Ali Shah and family, Mr. E. S. Scott, Major Walters, Mr. and Mrs. Bautes, and 192 deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders	From.
14	Vingorla (s)..	Dougherty ..	Kurrachee, Mar 11.
	Albula (s)	Bradley	Cardiff, Jan 4.
15	Eclipse(s).....	Homan	Newport, Feb 10.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination s.
15	Sumatra (s)	Rocco	Genoa.
	Ayrshire (s).....	Wallace	Dunkirk.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—Steamer Italia, Donaldson, to Liverpool.
Barque Forest Grove, Pearson, to Bremerhaven.

The steamer Vingorla, to K. Coast and Kurrachee, was entered for loading yesterday.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.
11 Howard (s) .....Seward .....Bombay, Mar 1.
D. of Lancaster ..... Russel ..... London, Jan 29.
H. Haarfager (s)...Heltberg .....Bombay, Mar 2.

DEPARTURES.

Mar. 11—Steamers Duke of Sutherland and Discoverer, Ships British Empire and Garibaldi.

DAILY IMPORTS.—MARCH 15.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Branksome Hall s—100 kegs lead ore. Cuma Ramjee ; 3,109 slabs hard spelter, Toolsidass Khimjee ; 24 packages hardware, Tyebjee Adamjee.
Zerbino s—129 cases stout, Bell, Brandenburg and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Duke of Atholl—25 cases matches, Tyebally Sultanally.
Maraval—110 cases pale ale, C Macdonald and Co.
Arabia s—75 cases claret, The C Bank of I A and China.
Arago s—25 cases gin, Jamsetjee Nowrojee.

FROM CARDIFF.

W Symington s—70 cases yellow metal sheets and 270 cases copper sheets, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Union—62 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

European s—90 cwts dry ginger, Currumsey Khetsey and Co ; 57 bales hemp, Nursey Khutow ; 21 bales cotton waste, Abramovitz and Co ; 50 bales wool, Lladhur Govindjee ; 50 bales wool, Nursey Khuttow ; 300 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 50 bales cotton, Vundrawan Odhowjee ; 225 bags myrabolams, Kessowjee Buttonsee.
Savernake—88 bales cotton, Codechund Surdarmull.
City of Baltimore s—600 cwts myrabolams, Ralli Brothers ; 41 bales wool, Nicholidas Thakordass ; 100 bales cotton, Stearns, Hobart and Co ; 105 bales cotton, S L Macnaghten ; 1,250 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co ; 65 bales cotton, Lukmidass Khimjee ; 450 bales cotton, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co ; 120 bales wool, B I S N Co ; 50 bales rags and 52 bales hemp, Nuthoo Soondurjee.
Agnes Oswald—25 bales cotton, Motilal Balcursondass.
Arago s—1623 cwts pepper, Furdhan Sewjee ; 100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 2 0 bales cotton, Knoop and Co ; 437½ cwts wheat, Curmondass Mooljee.

FOR HAVRE.

W H Canner—1,000 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co.
Michael Chevalier—1,000 bales cotton, Vinay and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Venetia s—4 cases shawls, W Nicol and Co.
Propontis s—624 cwts pepper, Curmondass Nensy ; 268 cwts rapeseed, Finlay, Scott and Co ; 975 cwts rapeseed, Jules, Siegfried and Co ; 20 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers ; 100 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Venetia s—5 bales skins, W Nicol and Co.
Zorbino s—65 bales cotton waste, Meiffre Neveu and Co ; 450 bales cotton, Jules, Siegfried and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Venetia s—300 bales cotton, Greaves, Cotton and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Jules, Siegfried and Co ; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.
Ganges s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Helias s—152 bales cotton, Khetseedass Hurmookroy ; 81 bales cotton, Jankeedass Chewdayal ; 100 bales cotton, Knoop and Co.

FOR YAKOHAMA.

Nizam s—25 bales twist, Forbes and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Nizam s—6 cases peacock feathers, Datardina Mowjee ; 500 baskets onions, Hassum Balum ; 50 bales twist, H J A Hastings ; 41 bales twist, The A S and W Co ; 30 bales twist, Framjee Hormusjee ; 56 baskets onions, Huson Lall ; 17½ cwts Kismiss, Sallabhoy Jefferbhoy ; 5 chests opium, Varachund Gunshamdass ; 6 cases sharkfins, Currimbhoy Ebrahim ; 72 pieces E teeth and 100 packages cloves, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy ; 16 packages cloves, Datardina Mowjee ; 25 bales twist, Nerial S and W Co ; 25 bales twist, The A Mill Co ; 25 bales twist, E L Moolchund ; 38 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co ; 8 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomonjee and Co ; 41 chests opium, E D Sassoon.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Nizam s—39½ chests opium, E D Sassoon ; 54 chests opium, Tarachund Gunshamdass ; 10 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co ; 30 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
BOMBAY, 14th March 1878.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·940
Temperature of the Air.....	81·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	76·4
Dew Point	74·4
Relative humidity of Air	0·765
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.).....	87·2
Minimum do. (read at 9-30 a. m.)..	75·1
General Direction of wind.....	WNW, SW, SE, W, NNW, NE.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	150.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 16.

(Before the Honourable the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Honourable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.
340-568-76—Jefferson and P—Hajee Ismael Seedeck and others vs Shamjee Poonjaji and others—Tyabjee and S.

References from the Bombay Small Cause Court.
25309-76—Chalk and W—Kawasjee Kaikhusroo F vs Dossibai Shapoorjee and S.
17303-76—Avabai vs Sonabai.

Appeals.
342-624-76—Craigie L. and O—I. A Wallace and others vs Burjorjee Muncherjee W and another—Rimington H & L.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE PINHEY.)

Long Causes.
2-78—Crawford and B—Tarachund Goreedass vs Cumulsey Premjee—Macfarlane and G.
430-77—Tarachund Tulsidass—Munchersha Bezonjee vs Nusserwanjee Merwanjee Panday—Crawford and B.
767-77—Mr Turner—Joosub Alarakia and others vs Goolam Mahomed Jefferson and P.
565-77—Mr Turner—Rao Bhadoor Muddon S vs Atmaram Madhowjee and others—Jefferson and P.
689-77—Mr Turner—Sidanund Shreerushnajee vs Atmaram Madhowjee—Jefferson and P.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 13.

Williamson, Dy Surg Genl, on sick leave, from Secundrabad.
Peile, Lieut, Staff Corps, on leave, from Bangalore.
Yates, Capt, 26th Bombay N I, on leave, from Poona.

MARCH 14.

Moore, Dy Surg Genl, on duty, from Deolalee.
Penton, Lieut, R A, on duty, from Deolalee.
Turner, Lieut, R A, on duty, from Deolalee.
Cox, Sub Lieut, 14th Bombay N I, on leave, from Belgaum.
Schneider, Sub Lieut, 2nd P O Guards, on leave, from Belgaum.
Clements, Lieut Col, 3rd Bombay N I, on leave, from Kolhapore.
Whieldon, Lieut, 48th Regt, on duty, from Deolalee.

MARCH 15.

Nujent, Lieut, R E, on leave, from Rawal Pindee.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 14.

Garfit, Lieut, 67th Regt, from leave, to Bangalore.
Pennington, Surg Major, on duty, to Poona.
Stacpole, Lieut, Quarter Master Deolalee, from leave, to Deolalee.

MARCH 15.

Waters, Surg Major, on duty, to Madras.
Macintyre, Lieut Col, Staff Corps, on furlough, to Dehera Doon.
Jenkins, Lieut Col, Corps of Guards, from furlough, to Murdan.
Yates, Capt, 26th Bombay N I, on leave, to Poona.
Sanderson, Surg Major, on duty, to Allahabad.
Cam, 2nd Lieut, 100th Regt, on leave, to Secundrabad.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RS, THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTHS.

BROWNE—March 6th, at Beri near Rohtak, the wife of Charles A Browne, Esq, Inland Customs, of a daughter.
COWIE—March 4th, at Bangalore, the wife of Captain D Cowie, M S C, of a daughter.
COWIE—March 8th, at Nagpur, the wife of H G Cowie, Esq, of a son.
MARSHALL—March 4th, at Sealkote, the wife of Riding Master J Marshall, 9th Queen's Royal Lancers, of a daughter.
PENNINGTON—March 10th, at B-hraich, the wife of Henry F D Pennington, BCS, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

DAVIS—MILLS—February 21st, at St Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, J Davis, Esq., to Catherine Jane, eldest daughter of J F Mills, Esq, of Calcutta.
HALL:—On the 13th By special license, at St John's Church, Calcutta, by Rev Mr George Hall, Chief Officer of Ship Fanny Tucker, to Mrs Janet Cowen, widow of the late Robert Cowen, Esq.

DEATHS.

CARBERY—March 8th, at Allahabad, Robert John Carbery, aged 72 years, 11 months and 3 days.
FENTON—March 4th, at Madras, C W Fenton, Esq, son of the late Major Fenton, Deputy Commissioner, C P—aged 24.
HEALY—March 10th, at 5, Harrington Street, Mrs M I Healy, aged 57.
HART—March 10th, at Howrah, Elizabeth, the beloved wife of E W Hart, aged 42 years and 10 months.
ISACKE—March 12th, at Madras, Mary, the wife of Lieut-Colonel Isacke, Madras Staff Corps.
LINTON—February 9th, at Calcutta, Rachel, the beloved wife of Mr A Linton, Chief Engineer, IGSN Co's Steamer Assam.
SIMMONDS—March 7th, at "The Stud," Saharunpore, Mr Wm. Simmonds, aged 66 years.
TAYLOR—March 9th, at Hazaribagh, Willers T Taylor, CS, Commissioner, Chota Nagpore—aged 42 years.
WEMYSS—March 8th, at Aliyghur, Sir John Wemyss, Baronet,

CALENDAR FOR MARCH, 1878.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon ..... 19th, 1h. 58·7m. A.M.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
Mar.		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 16	.....	6 9	6 8	0 21 m	3 32 m
				10 0 a	3 34 a
Sun. 17	2nd Sunday in Lent,	6 9	6 8	10 14 m	4 12 m
				10 36 a	4 20 a
Mon. 18	.....	6 8	6 9	10 59 m	4 51 m
				11 10 a	5 2 a
Tues. 19	.....	6 7	6	11 42 m	5 28 m
				11 46 a	5 43 a
Wed. 20	English Mail expected.	6 6	6 9	0 24 m	6 4 m
				.....	6 27 a
Th. 21	.....	6 5	6 9	0 25 m	6 42 m
				1 8 a	7 8 a
Fr. 22	.....	6 5	6 9	1 1 m	7 32 m
				1 53 a	7 50 a

MADAME CARLOTTA TASCA

Begs to announce that she is prepared to receive pupils for the Pianoforte, Organ, and Harmony. Communications may be addressed, care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

MR. ALFRED PLUMPTON

Begs to announce that he is prepared to receive pupils for Singing, Piano, Harmonium, Violin and Harmony. Communications may be addressed, care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

J. J. L. & B. DAVIS,
SURGEON DENTISTS,
7, RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

PAINFUL and aching Teeth medically treated and filled, thereby avoiding extraction and rendering them perfectly sound and useful for mastication.
N.B.—Charges strictly moderate.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

PATRON.
H. E. THE GOVERNOR,
SIR R. TEMPLE, BART., G. C. S. I., &c., &c.

A GRAND EVENING CONCERT
OF
SACRED MUSIC
WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE
TOWN HALL
ON FRIDAY, THE 22ND MARCH, 1878.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES 1878.

THE REMAINING LECTURES of this series will be delivered in the Lecture Room, University Library, on TUESDAY, the 19th instant, at 5-15 p.m., and on following Tuesdays at the same hour.

SUBJECT—LATIN and GREEK.
LECTURER—PROFESSOR PETERSON.

THE LECTURES ARE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.
By Order,
PETER PETERSON, M. A.
University Registrar.

Bombay, 13th March 1878.

NOTICE.

ALL COVERS intended personally for His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General and party, during His Excellency's tour, should be addressed "GOVERNOR GENERAL'S CAMP," without the addition of any Post Town.*

All other communications connected with business of a routine nature should be sent, as usual, to the several Head-Quarters Departments.

S. C. BAYLEY,
For Private Secy. to the Viceroy.
Calcutta, March 9, 1878.

* Her Excellency the Lady Lytton.
The Hon'ble Stuart Bayley, C.S.I., Personal Assistant (Famine) to His Excellency the Governor General, and Offg. Private Secy.
Lieut.-Col. G. Villiers, Military Secy.
Mrs. Barnett.
Lord W. Beresford, A.-D.-C.
Mr. H. Rose, A.-D.-C.

ALL MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1878.

THE telegrams which we publish this morning, and especially the telegram from our own correspondent in London describing the general feeling of distrust that prevails there, bear out the view we have all along taken of the inevitable consequence of Russia's determination to make herself the predominant Power in South-Eastern Europe. It seemed to us inconceivable that Austria and England could acquiesce in such a settlement of the Eastern Question without striking a blow in defence of their own interests; and, though Russia may give way at the eleventh hour, we think that she will not relinquish her hold on Turkey, and will prefer to fight the quarrel out with the great military and political advantages she has secured for herself beforehand, so that a great European war appears to us to be inevitable. The Congress could only be a farce, if Russia entered it resolved not to allow her Treaty with Turkey to be discussed or to listen to the claims of Greece, and England on her part had made up her mind not to be bound by the decision of the majority of the Powers; and the public, wearied with the fruitless efforts of diplomacy, is strongly inclined to address to the statesmen who have so long been threatening to take warlike action Hamlet's sensible advice to the players, "Cease your damnable faces, and begin."

WE quoted the other day a paragraph from the *Globe* stating that only 19 candidates presented themselves at the recent examination for 40 vacancies in the Army Medical Department. This is a most serious state of affairs at a time when the country is on the verge of possibly the most terrible war in which England has ever been engaged. It is certainly a pretty condition of things to leave the British Army doctorless, or worse perhaps than doctorless, when it is remembered that the highways and byways have to be scoured to collect officers for a Medical Department, who desert, it is said, when caught, repenting enlistment. But, as the French say, "What would you?" The War Office and the medical world are at issue. The office in Pall Mall sets a value on doctors just as it would do on busbies, or as a jeweller might do on silver spoons, and it expects, in defiance of all the laws of political economy, that its hall mark standard of value will be cheerfully accepted by a profession which does not care twopence for the War Office or the dullards connected with it. The principle is certainly delightful which lays down that the clerks in a Government Department may appraise the money value of the men of one of the "liberal" professions, but it is crude in practice; in fact, the doctors will not take the War Office as a sort of Mark Lane authority in the grist they have to bring to the military mill.

However, it would appear that the War Office, a combatant office, according to its name, will not give in to the medical profession or its claims. It prefers to leave the British Army without surgeons to admitting it is in fault, and the result is the singular spectacle of Colonial Governments begging civil practitioners to afford medical attendance to the troops, which invitations are uncivilly declined by the said practitioners. The same thing, or at least some thing very similar, occurred in Madras the other day. The Madras Government ran short of medical officers during the famine, as they well might do in the existing extraordinary organisation of the Indian and British Medical Departments, and they entreated civil practitioners to come and help them over the stile with much the same response as followed on the hen-wife's invitation to the ducks to come and be killed. The ungrateful invitees only wrote indignant letters in the name of reason or unreason why they should encounter the risks of cholera and small-pox camps on 300 rupees or so a month; so that it is tolerably evident that the civil practitioners are *not* an army reserve, or second line of medical defence, though it may suit the calculations of the War Office scribes to fancy that they are. The medical profession is one of the few professions in existence that can afford a strike. Suffering humanity cannot do without doctors, and the faculty is very well aware of the moral strength of its position. This is especially notable in affairs military. Private Thomas Atkins is worth £200 to the State abroad and two or three Thomases represent an army surgeon's pay for a whole year. Any of our readers fond of arithmetic may work out the calculation for themselves and "tootle" the sum: whether it is cheaper to give Atkins good medical attendance or allow him to lose the number of his mess under bad—or none? The War Office calculation, which is that of the "peculiar people," is to trust to Providence completely in the case of illness affecting its soldiery, and, though this is in the main both devout and proper, the principle is not generally countenanced or it would not be styled peculiar. If we comprehend that the Kaffirs, for example, use assegais with lethal effect, and that a spear, poisoned or not, is an inconvenient addition to the ills which flesh is heir to, we may be induced to consider whether the absence of surgeons where assegais are abundant is to be thought wholesome or economical, and shall probably acknowledge that it is not. Or if we bear in mind that regiments, both European and native, are often sent on long marches in India with one doctor in charge at the most, we may be sorry, not astonished, to learn that the economy of the War Office is a costly consideration in view of possibly a hundred officers and soldiers effaced by cholera, including, perhaps, the one medical man himself.

It is reported that the Medical Department is to be reorganised and not before reorganization is wanted. A year ago we spoke of the Indian Medical Service going down hill as fast as it could go. We gave some examples of the eccentricities of practice in which certain members of that service indulged, and we predicted, that, unless the Government offered both inducements for better men to enter it, India would soon lose the reputation she once enjoyed for surgeons of a very superior character. Well educated men, clever men, men who would succeed in any country, will not come to India, to a land of exile, for the sake of incomes that a country practitioner in ordinary practice could readily secure. The War Office may affect a fuss over the doctor's assumed love of finery and prudence, pretending that their grievances are those of gold lace and etiquette, but professional men well know that it is not a brass scabbard, or the privilege of taking Mrs. Smith in to dinner before Mrs. Jones, which raises the infuriate quills of a surgeon, but rather empty pockets in return for arduous and responsible labours. The gold lace and cocked hat theory is played out. It was ornamental while it lasted, but the faculty ask more than æsthetics. They want money. "Proputty! proputty! proputty!" they sing with the northern farmer, and nothing but sterling coin can now tempt them into military servitude. No doubt they are right in their own interests. Every man has his market value whether he is a doctor, a soldier, or a navvy, and the profession is justified in demanding that value in spite of the War Office theory of putting all sorts and conditions of men on its own patent pecuniary level. Cheap men, the office in Pall Mall can always indeed get—bone-setters and the like, but we have attempted to show that cheap men cannot pay in view of the cost to the State of their unfortunate patients. What is really wanted in the Army Medical Department is liberality, not economy. The Army and Navy, we take it, ought to produce some of the first surgeons in the world; but, before this ever happens, the Army and Navy must be made an attractive field of employment for the best medical students of the London, Dublin, and Edinburgh hospitals. Our military contemporaries assure us that these services now only attract the worst, which is a fact much to be regretted if it *is* a fact, which we fear it is. The salaries of combatant officers should be no criterion of the salaries befitting medical men, though they are. The Medical Department is as distinct a branch of the service as the Ecclesiastical Department, or the Commissariat, and if there is any standard adopted at all, it should be that of a civil practitioner in fair practice accepted according to his age and experience. But what a monstrous delay there has been over this reorganisation, and over all other reforms in which the War Office is concerned! We are on the eve of a great war in Europe; we are already into one at the Cape, and yet the Army Medical Department is still on the official stocks waiting to be laun

SPECIAL TELEGRAM FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

OBSTACLES TO THE MEETING OF A CONGRESS.—UNEASY FEELING IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, MARCH 15, 3 P.M.

The obstacles to the meeting of the proposed Congress are increasing, neither Russia nor England showing any inclination to make further concessions. A general feeling of distrust prevails here, and it is feared that negotiations for a peaceful settlement of the Eastern Question will be broken off almost immediately.

RE-OPENING OF RELIEF WORKS IN MADRAS.

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 15.

The Madras Government has ordered the re-opening of Relief Camps in every taluq of the Bellary District. There is great distress prevailing. The *Pioneer* announces that the Government of India has ordered, as a relief work, the pushing forward of the Bellary and Hubli State Railway through the Nizam's territory to Dharwar, there meeting the line from Carwar.

THE VERNACULAR NEWSPAPER BILL.

Regarding the Vernacular Newspaper Bill, it is said that the most seditious publications have appeared in the Mahratta papers.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

ENGLAND'S ATTITUDE AT THE CONGRESS.

LONDON, MARCH 14.

Sir Stafford Northcote, in his reply to the question put relative to the Congress this evening, added that England would not consider a majority at the Congress binding, but would maintain her own views.

MOVEMENTS OF THE RUSSIANS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 15.

News has been received of the arrival of several Russian batteries of Artillery at Sharkoi and Rodosto on the Sea of Marmora.

EGYPTIAN FINANCE.

LONDON, MARCH 15.

It is reported that negotiations are proceeding between England and France for a joint enquiry into the reorganisation of the Egyptian Financial Administration.

REFUSAL TO ADMIT GREECE TO CONGRESS.

ATHENS, MARCH 15.

The official Athens journal announces that Russia has refused to accede to the proposal made by England to admit Greece to the European Congress.

THE *TIMES* ON THE NATIVE INDIAN PRESS BILL.

LONDON, MARCH 15.

The *Times* of to-day, in discussing the Bill passed by the Viceroy's Legislative Council for curbing the Native Indian Press, fully approves the same.

*** The *Times* is in a great hurry, as it cannot yet know anything about the Bill, unless indeed its article has been written by one of those useful gentlemen in the India Office who are kept to nobble the Press, and whom Prince Bismarck would probably call "brokers," or some uglier name.—ED. *B.G.*

LONDON, MARCH 14, APT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with supplies freely offered. Rates unaltered.

The London Cotton Market has been dull.

Fair Dhollera 5

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

3 per cent. Consols for Account 95⅞

5 per cent. French Route, 1872 .... 110¼

Bar Silver..... 54½ to ⅝

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Reserve of Notes ..£11,600,000.... Inc. £300,000

Bills Discounted ..£24,000,000.... Inc. £1,900,000

Bullion .....£24,400,000....

The proportion of the Reserve to the Liabilities is 37½ per cent.

RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills, on demand	.....1s. 8¾d.	per Rupee
Do. 6 months' sight	...1s. 9 1-16d.	,,
Credits, 3 ,,	,, ...1s. 8 31-32 to 1-9d.	,,
Documents, 3 ,,	,, ...1s. 9 1-9-16d.	,,

We are informed that the short article which we published yesterday does not accurately state the facts of the case in which the High Court has wigged certain officials. The case about which the dispute was had nothing to do with Mr. Nairne or any other European, and nobody has been prosecuted for stealing Mr. Nairne's chickens. The case was an ordinary case of house-breaking. The prisoner was an old offender and so got extra punishment; but there was no question as to whether he deserved it or not. The question being a technical one as to whether the previous conviction was such as could be considered any enhancement of punishment. What excited the wrath of the High Court was the fact of Mr. Nairne and Mr. Baines venturing to discuss that question after the High Court had given its decision.

We understand that the Secretary of State has by telegraph approved of the general scope of the Vernacular Press Bill and of its being introduced and passed through the Legislative Council.

CENTRAL INDIA appears to have been the scene of a terrible disaster. A correspondent writing from Rewah tells of a terrible accident that occurred at a *nautch* party held in the *mundir*, in the Luchmon Bagh. The Maharajah had a miraculous escape. His Highness had just left the building when it came down with a crash, burying some 70 or 80 persons, together with the *nautch* girls and their attendants. On the removal of the *debris*, only 7 or 8 persons (who were, however, very severely and seriously injured) were found alive, and there is but very little hope of their recovery.

We are informed that the operations of Chap. 13 of Act VII of 1873 (Bengal Code) have been extended in Assam in such a manner as to give the Chief Commissioner power to close a garden to any particular class of labourers if the death-rate among that class attains excessive proportions.

SIR RICHARD MEADE, in his recent report on the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, makes rather an amusing bull. "There was no marked change," says Sir R. Meade, "in the price of cleaned cotton, but the price of all *other* edible grain rose very considerably!"

THE annual reports, for the year 1876, on the destruction of wild animals and venomous snakes, shows that the results of the year were very formidable, as regards the destruction of life, though with respect to human life slightly more favourable in comparison with previous years' returns. Including statistics from Mysore and Coorg, 19,432 persons and 61,229 cattle were deprived of life by wild animals and snakes, while 23,459 wild animals, and 212,371 snakes were destroyed.

We are informed that a bust in bronze of the late Dr. Stoliczka, with a red granite pedestal, has recently been completed in England, and will shortly be despatched to Calcutta for the Imperial Museum. The work has been executed by Mr. Geflowski a sculptor, who has already modelled a bust of Dr. Stoliczka for the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

THE following is the correct Field State presented to the Governor, H. E. Sir R. Temple, at the Volunteer Parade on Wednesday morning:—Field Officers, 2 (The Commandant and Major Maxwell); Staff Officers, 3; Captains, 5; Lieutenants, 11; Sergeants, 27; Recruits and Boys, 12; Rank and File, 198. Total on Parade 258.

MISS LESLIE, who has been interesting herself in the cause of drunkards in Calcutta, has made a beginning with her inebriates' home. The house selected is in a quiet open situation, with a good sized compound, where the men can amuse themselves by gardening or taking exercise.

THE Secretary of State has sent to the Bombay Government a rather depreciatory acknowledgment of the report of the Director of Public Instruction for the year 1876-77. There was during that period a falling off both in schools and scholars, and Lord Salisbury quite agrees that that and some other facts show that the educational results of the year were not favourable in this Presidency. His Lordship concluded his letter as follows:—"I am glad to observe that the Elphinstone High School is in a prosperous condition, the number of scholars having increased from 606 to 673, and the fee receipts from Rs. 21,730 to Rs. 25,000. It is a subject of regret that the number of candidates for matriculation in the University should have fallen off from 1,269 to 1,154, and still more that the number passing the examination should have been reduced from 454 to 203. This result is ascribed to the greater severity of the examination. With this, taken *per se*, I shall not find fault, considering as I do, and as I stated in the 6th para. of my despatch of the 19th of July last, that the gradual elevation of the standard is an object which should be kept in view. But I trust that the Examiners look only to the degree of merit displayed, and not to adventitious circumstances. I am induced to make this remark on account of the statement in the 34th para. of the Director's report, page 53, that the Inspector of the Southern Division, Mr. Russell has admitted 'that in examining the High School of Belgaum (the Sirdar's School) his object was to pluck, if possible, and in examining the Mission school to pass, if possible.' The Director has very properly ordered that the same standard should be applied to both schools." The Government of Bombay has ordered the attention of the Director of Public Instruction to be drawn to the Secretary of State's comments.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Madras Mail* urges that the greatest lesson desirable from the recent financial policy of the Government of India has been overlooked. It is that Sir John Strachey should not occupy the post he does. "It has been abundantly proved that no service man is possessed of the special training, or of what is perhaps of more importance, of the official independence necessary to make a good Minister of Finance. Compare the budgets of Temple and Strachey, with those of Wilson and Laing, and say if the time has not arrived when a second Wilson should be indented for to arrange our system of taxation on an equitable basis. If the India Office would only send out, as Finance Minister, a man of the calibre of Mr. Smith, the present First Lord of the Admiralty, giving him *carte blanche* in the matter of enforcing economies, abolishing useless appointments, and clipping exorbitant salaries, a real benefit would be conferred on the country. It would be difficult to persuade men like Sir John Strachey and Sir Alexander Arbuthnot, who have been accustomed so long to be taken at their own estimates, that they could be over-paid for their services to the country. Lord Lytton has not the energy, nor the ability, to undertake the work of financial reform. The only way, therefore, of getting this work undertaken at all is by having an experienced and independent financier from England. Mr. Smith would have been just the man for our wants; but failing him, perhaps Mr. Hubbard or Mr. Solater Booth would be willing to come out to India as Finance Minister."

MR. DALGLEISH, Agent of the Central Asian Trading Company in Yarkund, arrived in Lahore on Friday last after a residence of three years and a half in that somewhat out of the way region. The present disturbed state of that part of the world will render trade operations now more uncertain and precarious than ever, and it may be questioned whether remunerative commerce can ever thrive where the trade routes traverse lands offering physical obstacles so serious as the mountain deserts and passes which intervene between Kashgar and India. Mr. Dalgleish believes that the report concerning Beg Kuli Beg, the present Ameer of Kashgar, having been compelled by the advance of the Chinese to evacuate his country, will prove to be erroneous. The position of the Chinese in November last, when the winter had so far advanced as to render long marches impracticable, was such that they could not have reached the capital by the date reported, nor in fact can they do so till next summer, whatever their former success may have been.

HERE is an extract written in pleasant taste from a Fatehgarh correspondent:—9th March.—*Lots* of men are dying from starvation every day, and ghastly figures almost at the point of death, are to be seen everywhere. Yesterday morning there lay the corpse of a pauper on the road near Laldarwaza to the disgust of the passers-by, who, being inured to such a sight seemed to be not the least concerned. His haggard features and skin-like frame indicated that this unfortunate man was one of the victims of starvation. One day, walking on the bank of the river a mile on a *char* of the Ganges behind the Fort, I found about a dozen of corpses and skeletons, most of which seemed to be fresh, lying in a hideous manner, dogs and vultures having devoured and scattered their bones all around. A year before one could scarcely be seen there.

THERE are now some 10,000 paupers on the relief works at Lucknow. The daily average of those receiving relief at the poor houses is also large, but it is satisfactory to learn that the numbers on the works are slowly decreasing. A concert has been given at the Mahomed Bagh Theatre under the patronage of Sir George Couper for the benefit of the Relief Fund.

CALCUTTA is somewhat agitated about what is called the Loknathpore case. A man in Loknathpore was found dead. The Joint-Magistrate thought there had been murder, and arrested several persons on suspicion. Then, after a few days he thought it was suicide and not murder. Whereupon he concluded that the two principal witnesses in the previous inquiry had given false evidence, and had them convicted and imprisoned. The friends of the witnesses helped them to appeal, and at the trial in the High Court the Government pleader withdrew all opposition to the appeal because the Magistrate could not be induced to give up the primary depositions, as there was something in them that the public ought not to see. The appellants were of course acquitted, but the conduct of the Magistrate is being much commented on. Although he sentenced certain persons to be imprisoned on the strength of these depositions, he has permitted them to be released on appeal rather than give the documents up, and we see it stated further that "he has positively refused to produce the report and depositions though ordered by the Judge to do so." Government should now make the request.

THE poor young Rajah of Cooch Behar seems to be having a hard time of it just now between one thing and another. A howl was raised throughout Bengal against his marriage with Baboo Keshub Chunder Sen's daughter, and now the native papers are crying out that he is being sent to England for his education against the wishes of his own people. There is said to be but one opinion among natives as to the procedure of Government; but unfortunately native opinion is not always to be respected for its wisdom. Baboo Keshub Chunder Sen's paper, the *Indian Mirror*, is quite affecting over the young Rajah's approaching departure. "I earnestly," says its Cooch Behar correspondent, who might be the Baboo himself, so much do his outpourings resemble the conventional feelings of a father, "ask the authorities to postpone the departure for the present. If the Maharajah be sent to England, it would surely exert a depressing effect upon him, for it would choke the natural emotions of his heart and cut him off from associations which would ever remain imprinted upon his memory. It would be cruel, indeed, to snatch him away from the pleasurable excitement consequent upon his marriage and deprive him of the sweet conversations and congratulations of his nearest and dearest relatives and friends. Already I am told his mother is ill, and no wonder that she should be so. What but the most exquisite tyranny could convert a period of festivities and holy enjoyments into one of bitter lamentations and heart-felt pangs?"

MR. ASHLEY EDEN left Calcutta on the 26th February on a tour in Orissa. In Cuttack he held a durbar, at which a large number of native gentlemen were present. He said that no no part of India had the bulk of the population improved so rapidly of late years as the inhabitants of Orissa had, and its holy places were now being visited yearly by vast numbers of pilgrims. He has had under his consideration a scheme which is designed to give to Cuttack, and even Pooree, direct inland water communication with Calcutta, and which will, at the same time, open out the Orissa ports to parts of the country from which they are now excluded. He trusted before long to obtain sanction to the commencement of the work, and he hoped before leaving India to see Cuttack brought within two days' journey from Calcutta. A good proof of the prosperity of Orissa is that four years ago its trade was only 19 lakhs, whereas now it is 123 lakhs yearly. After the Durbar the Lieutenant-Governor opened the Cuttack College. A gentleman who accompanied Mr. Eden in the trip says, it is believed that the noble system of irrigation works will be still further extended, and that, in the course of a few years, Orissa will be not only safe from famine, but in a position, from the development of her communications, to aid largely in averting or mitigating famine elsewhere.

NEPAUL has hitherto followed a policy of rigid exclusiveness, which originated with the late Sir Jung Bahadoor, who would allow no unofficial Englishman to enter his territory, because he was afraid that if he did he would be opening the way for the conquest of Nepaul by the Government of India. One consequence of this policy has been that though rich in wood and metals, the Nepaulese have never had a good market for their wares; the riches of the country have been, as it were, lying fallow. We are glad to hear it hinted now that the Nepaulese are thinking about adopting a more manly and advantageous policy. It is said that they have expressed a desire to be allowed to open within their frontier timber depots at which European traders may attend for the transaction of business. This will, at all events, be a good beginning.

THE residents of Fyzabad have now a sweet morsel indeed to roll under their tongue. Colonel Perkins, the Deputy Commissioner of Fyzabad, has been placed under suspension at the instance of Mr. Jenkinson, the Commissioner of the Division. Many reasons for this grave step are current. One that has found its way into print is to the effect that the affair is traceable to a calamitous infirmity of temper on the part of the Commissioner, because in the N.-W. P. Mr. Jenkinson earned for himself the character of being the most impracticable man in the whole Bengal Civil Service!

ALLYGURH, in the N. W. Provinces, has been the scene of a series of murders—said to be nine—of a mysterious character. The faces of the murdered men were burned to prevent identification. It is surmised that the murders have been the result of a conspiracy to blacken the character of the police.

THE Calcutta Zoological Gardens have now been taken directly under the control of Government, which has guaranteed a subsidy for the care of the wild beasts not exceeding Rs. 20,000 per annum. It is a pity something like this could not be done in Bombay. Here we have only the ghost of a menagerie in the Victoria Gardens, and a few atrophied animals are not pleasant to look upon.

CALCUTTA seems to be unhappy in her new market. A correspondent says it has proved a curse to the community instead of a blessing, because the vendors have combined to charge the highest rates possible.

IN the House of Commons on Thursday evening, Feb. 21, Mr. Childers asked the Postmaster General whether it was the intention to be called to the use of the telephone by telegraph department and telegraph companies abroad, and whether it was his intention to introduce it in the postal telegraph service. Lord J. Manners in reply said:—The use of the telephone by the German telegraphic administration has been brought under my notice; but, from the result of the trials which have been made here by officers of the Post Office, it is evident that the instrument is at present unsuitable for the purposes of public telegraphy, and I do not, therefore, propose to introduce it in that branch of the postal telegraph service.

GEORGE CRUIKSHANK had, before his death, made considerable progress with an Autobiography, which commences nearly eighty years ago, and comprises "recollections" of many well known literary characters. This work will be completed and edited by his widow, Mrs. Eliza Cruikshank, who has been assisting in its preparation throughout, and arrangements have already been made for its publication. It will contain numerous illustrations prepared by George Cruikshank expressly for the book. Mr. Blanchard Jerrold is writing, and Messrs. Mullan and Son will publish, an account of the life of Cruikshank.

THE intelligence manifested by the Guardians of the Peace sometimes is surprising. Witness the following:—Police-constable Harrison, of the village of Davenham, in Cheshire, was empowered to summon people who allowed dogs to go at large without muzzles, and so, by way of making a neat beginning, he summoned Capt. Parke Yates, Master of the Chesire Hounds, and charged him with letting loose in the village of Davenham an entire pack of foxhounds, not one of the animals, he was prepared to swear, being "muzzled with the ordinary wire covering." Police-constable Harrison is deeply grieved that he did not secure a conviction, a biassed magistrate informing him that the law was directed to protecting the pulpits from owneriess and homeless mongrels and curs. The *Sportsman* thinks that, for the sake of novelty, it is rather a pity that the energetic and discriminating officer was not upheld in his interpretation of the law. Had this been the case we should have had the exquisite pleasure of witnessing the Waterloo Cup being run for next week by muzzled greyhounds.

A LONDON correspondent writes:—I wonder whether Mr. H. M. Stanley knows that he is a "bad egg-m." Mr. Stanley did a "big thing," as he would call it in Africa, but that is no reason why he should be rude to people who are doing their best to honour him. I grant Mr. H. M. Stanley to be a man of remarkable courage and enterprise. But, at the most, he only risked his life, and that is what every common soldier in the world undertakes to do every day in the year, if necessary, for the reward of poor food and coarse clothes. Who invited Mr. Stanley to go to war with the African nigger, and shoot him down in what he (Mr. Stanley) calls "fair fight?" British Christians would not, as a rule, object to the slaughter of a few pagan savages if the blood were shed for the purpose of promoting legitimate newspaper enterprise, but they like to have their say on the subject, and do not expect to be insulted by the nigger-shooter at the moment when they are honouring his—shall I call it irregular warfare? Mr. Stanley told the Royal Geographical Society plainly that he didn't care for their opinion, or for that of anyone who differed from him as to the right of a newspaper correspondent to shooting black fellows. He was, he remarked, responsible only to his conscience and his country; the one acquitted him of any offence, and the other had thanked him for his services. Personally I am not aware of any public expression of thanks tendered by the principality of Wales to Mr. H. M. Stanley.

THE *Globe*, Feb. 22:—The late hour at which the Attorney-General brought forward his bill for the reform of bar education and discipline was unfavourable, for that display of acrimony which the second reading had been expected to evoke. Mr. Norwood, the leader amongst the hostile critics, was not in his place to conduct the campaign, and, in his absence, those hon. members who attempted to obtain an adjournment of the debate were not able to show any solid reasons for delay. The real questions involved in this measure have been to a great extent thrust into the background by a side issue raised by Mr. Norwood and his friends on the subject of counsel's fees, and, consequently, the greater part of the discussion in the House of Commons last night turned upon this incidental question, whether the suitor who has retained a particular barrister to plead his case should be entitled to insist upon the performance of the contract by the barrister before he can be compelled to pay the fee. The arguments by which Mr. Barclay and Mr. Lewis supported an affirmative answer are not by any means new; nor are the replies which were carried with such unanimity by the barristers in the House. The indignation displayed by these gentlemen is natural enough on their part, but it does not in any way refute the common sense argument which suitors are beginning to employ. No amount of sophistry could, in fact, explain away or justify the fact that a barrister who is paid for arguing a case, and who does not argue it at all, has disappointed his client and received money for what is less than money's worth. It is idle to deny this charge, and still more absurd to represent it as an insult to the profession, and so forth. The grievance is a real grievance to the public, although it may be very true that it is practically impossible, under the present arrangements, to remedy it. At the same time it is right to be denied that the public have a readier remedy in their hands than the barristers whose fees it is sought to cut down. The rage for retaining the few leading counsel who have already made a name is not justified by reason or common sense, and if suitors would be a little more ready to recognise talent before it has been paraded before the whole world, they would find that they could get their cases argued by men quite as able and more attentive, without running the risk of being deserted at the last moment because their advocate has other work on his hands.

We regret to learn from Bombay, says the *Times*, that since she left Colombo, on Nov. 30 last, fever has been very rife on board H.M.S. Undaunted; no less than fifteen officers are or have been affected by it, and one of them—Mr. R. B. Cay, clerk in the Admiral's office—unfortunately succumbed to it on board, after a few days' illness, on Dec. 24. The men have also suffered, but proportionately in smaller numbers. By the mail of Jan. 21 from Bombay four officers and two men were sent home invalided. A case of small-pox broke out on Jan. 19, another on the 20th, and a third on the 21st, the day the mail left. All three cases have been sent to the European General Hospital on shore, and the doctors say they are of a mild type. The want of naval sick quarters at Bombay is greatly felt by the medical officers of the East India Squadron. At present they are entirely dependent on the military medical authorities, who very frequently cannot give accommodation to naval patients requiring the quiet and attention which it is impossible they can have on board-ship. The Undaunted will have been three years in commission on March 2, and up to this time has invalided an unusually large number of officers and men. Besides having a broken back, it would seem that there must be something unhealthy about her. A ship of the Raleigh or Boadicea class would be much more suitable for this station, and it is to be hoped that one in which the crew live on an airy maindeck will be the next flagship. When between 400 and 500 men are cooped up in a close lower deck, as they are in the Undaunted, the result cannot be conducive to health, especially on a tropical station.

A PORTION of the six millions provided for military purposes is finding its way down to Aldershot, General Wardlaw and Colonel Drury-Lane having been commissioned to purchase 2,000 horses. In connection with this significant fact, Messrs. Martin and Wales, local contractors, have entered into a contract with the Government to construct seven sets of stabling, each having accommodation for twenty-seven horses; and seven wagon-sheds, to hold twelve wagons each, with forage stores, harness-rooms, &c. The buildings are to be finished by the end of March, and are destined for the regimental transport service, the seven regiments first for service being the 29th, 41st, and 86th in the South Camp, and the 2-4th, 26th, 52nd, and 3-60th Rifles in the North Camp. With the exception of the 26th and 52nd, all these regiments are over 800 strong, and the two exceptions are ordered to recruit up to that strength at once. The Archduke Rudolph, Crown Prince of Austria, who paid a visit to the Camp at Aldershot on Friday, Feb. 15, accompanied by the Duke of Teck and three of his own suite, had an opportunity of seeing what the first division of the British army for active service is like, for the whole garrison was turned out for a march-past in his honour. Three regiments of cavalry, three batteries of Royal Horse, and five of field Artillery, two troops and a field company of Royal Engineers, and ten infantry regiments were on the ground, the Army Service Corps not turning out. The number of men on parade was 6,540 out of a total strength of 12,674; 1,305 men being away from Aldershot on furlough, &c., and the remaining 4,829 coming under the ominous head of "casualties." Some of the regiments, indeed, are strong only in recruits, the 86th putting but 451 men on parade out of a total strength of 836; the 26th, 294 out of 558; and the 2-4th, 312 out of 887. The number of horses present was 1,771 out of 2,498 (the casualties being principally caused by the absence of the Army Service Corps) and the number of guns fifty. Notwithstanding the very bad state of the ground, the troops marched past in admirable style, and showed plenty of quality to compensate for the absence of quantity. The 29th Regiment went by in double companies 96 files strong!

A CORRESPONDENT, writing on Feb. 12, says:—"The head-quarters of the Russian vanguard are at Tchataldja, under the command of General Skobeleff. His force has been strengthened to 40,000 bayonets and 8,000 sabres, with a considerable artillery force. The position awarded by the armistice as the Russian limit places this army just in front of the line of defences, and nearer to it than the Turkish army, which is thrown back by the terms of the armistice on the second line of defence. The terms of the armistice prohibit the Turks, during its existence, from throwing up any works of defence on their present line. Nothing but the Turkish army, superior in point of numbers compared with the Russian vanguard, but inferior, counting the Russian forces massed at Tchorlu and places adjacent, and inferior also in *moral*, stands, therefore, between Russia and Constantinople. In the Russian camp the renewal of hostilities is discussed as more probable than peace, and every measure is being adopted to consolidate the Russian advance. Great irritation is openly expressed against England. The entrance of the British fleet into the Dardanelles before the conclusion of the armistice would have been answered, it is unhesitatingly said, by a Russian declaration of war; but whether such would now be the case is regarded as doubtful. War with England would be very popular with the army, though the general officers speak of it gravely as a terrible struggle that would light a flame from Kashgar to the Tower of London. The position is precarious, not to say perilous. In this state of feeling, if we have to begin again, say the Russian officers, nothing could save Constantinople from us, and we would not leave one stone upon another. It is believed that peace will be signed at Silviri, a small place on the Marmora coast, and this because a peace signed within 50 miles of the capital would constitute, it is thought, a salutary warning to the Turks. The indefinite occupation by Russian troops of Bulgaria and Thrace is spoken of as a thing of course."

BOMBAY BEGGARS.

AMONG all the improvements that have been effected in Bombay during the last few years one crying nuisance remains unabated, or perhaps grows worse. We refer to the increasing swarms of beggars about most of the principal thoroughfares. Perhaps their actual numbers have not increased, but the tramway has drawn them together to certain centres. At every point where the cars are likely to pause in the neighbourhood of the native town half a dozen miserable objects are waiting to display their deformities. Those who remember Bombay a few years ago have reason to be grateful for the change that has taken place in the matter of European loaferism. Deportation and the workhouse have combined to make that old pest of Bombay, the professional loafer, comparatively a rare species; and it is more than time the reform were extended to native beggars. In Forbes's Oriental Memoirs there is an amusing account of the way in which we managed such matters in those days. The town was at that time in a very filthy state, and the necessity for a thorough cleansing was pressing itself on the minds of the authorities. Another nuisance which had become well-nigh intolerable was the horde of fakeers, gosavis, and religious beggars of every description that loafed about the place. At last a two-edged remedy was devised. Notices were posted all over the place that on a certain date a great purification of the town would begin and everyone found loitering about without employment would be compelled to help in the work. A sudden and total disappearance of the religious orders was the result. We cannot do these things now. An Anti-oppression-of-Blacks Society and one or two Magna Charta Associations would be formed in London next week. But the beggar nuisance might be put down in some more legal way without any very shocking violation of the rights of humanity. The majority of the beggars on the Bombay streets are impostors, and have no claim on anyone's sympathy. During the time of the famine last year a sturdy man might often have been seen running along at the side of the tramway car, holding up a miserably emaciated infant and pleading for charity. The condition of the child would have moved any one to pity, but the contrast presented by the condition of the man stirred up far other feelings. Perhaps a worse case is that of a poor little blind boy who is, or used to be, put down daily at the side of the Esplanade road not far from the lines of the Marine Battalion. Passers-by were moved by his pitiful case, as the scoundrels who lived by it meant that they should be.

Then there are the little boys who run along beside the cars crying out for a pice, and, too, often getting it, from some easy-going Parsi or whose religion is giving. This tribe of infantile apprentices in the art of living without labouring produces an abundant supply of able-bodied beggars in the next generation, if we have not by that time taken measures to put an end to this relic of barbarism. But we earnestly hope that before that street-begging will have been suppressed and some proper public provision made for those who are really destitute. We hope to see yet well-managed municipal *dhurumsallas*, where all who cannot support themselves may find food and shelter.

Such institutions would never lack support in Bombay, and the danger of imposition is far less here than in England. Natives are so fastidious about their food and so impatient of interference with their ancestral modes of getting through existence that many a blind or lame beggar, who is at present a source of revenue to numerous dependants, would turn the tables and claim support if the only alternative were the *dhurumsalla*.

SIR R. TEMPLE AND THE FREE CHURCH MISSIONS.

THE following address was recited to Sir R. Temple on the occasion of the "exhibition" at the Free Church of Scotland Mission Schools, Girgaum, on Thursday evening, by one of the Native students:—

In the name of the students and ex-students of the Free General Assembly's Institution, I have the honour to welcome your Excellency on this occasion. Along with all our fellow-countrymen in Western India we expect that great good will result from the attention which your Excellency pays to the working of the educational system in this Presidency. We hope to benefit also by the comprehensive views to which your Excellency has given utterance on great general questions relating to education everywhere, especially to the importance of combining both philosophy and science in the course of study. As connected with a Mission Institution, we are glad to know that your Excellency is no stranger to missionaries or to their work. We congratulate ourselves that you are familiar with the peculiar aims and methods of such institutions, and that you are prepared to recognize the value to society and to the State of religious instruction.

H.E. the Governor delivered the following address:—

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, and especially native students of this institution of the Free Church of Scotland,—I have cheerfully responded to the invitation of your excellent principal, Mr. Stothert, to visit this institution, because although, as you may be aware, I am not Scotch, nor a member of the Presbyterian Church, nevertheless, during my service in India it has been my valued privilege to be intimately acquainted with several of the great missionaries of the Church of Scotland has ever sent forth to this country. On first landing in India, I immediately became acquainted with Dr. Duff in Calcutta. His book on Indian Missions was the very first book that gave me accurate and vivid impressions of the natives of India; it was his interesting and instructive conversation that first taught me to appreciate the many virtues in the character of the natives of India. Years afterwards, on visiting Calcutta, I had the good fortune to hear a specimen of that splendid eloquence for which Dr. Duff was so much distinguished, exercised on behalf of the famine which was then raging in Northern India; and again, when he was old and had retired to his native city of Edinburgh, I had the pleasure to visit him there and to see how keen, how affectionate, was the interest which he maintained in the natives of India even to the close of his long and useful life. Again, in the Central Provinces, it was my good fortune to be on intimate terms with Mr. Hislop, even to the very last hours of that life which was so suddenly terminated by an accident on horseback. In those days, the learning,—the historic learning, the knowledge of etymology, of geology, and of various physical sciences, which Mr. Hislop possessed, was the admiration of all his countrymen in Central India. All this learning and these accomplishments were acquired by him in addition to performing his arduous duties as a teacher of religion and as a minister of education. In those days, too, your own Dr. Wilson frequently visited Nagpore, and gave us the benefit of his advice upon all questions connected with education. Though I was never acquainted with Dr. Anderson, of Madras, still the fame of his services in the cause of religion and education is a world right to Central India, and, I doubt not, to all other parts of India also. Now these names, you observe, Duff, Hislop, Wilson, Anderson, embrace the history of great services rendered by the Church of Scotland in all parts of British India. Turning then to the Mission with which you are immediately connected, beside the great missionaries whom I have mentioned, you should especially bear in mind those who have benefitted you in this Presidency. Such names as Stevenson, as Mitchell (I mean Dr. James Mitchell, and his son Mr. Wm. Mitchell), and Mr. Nesbit, and Dr. Murray Mitchell, who not only rendered services in the Deccan of Bombay, but also in Calcutta, and who is now the Secretary of the Foreign Mission Society at Edinburgh and will probably be successor to Dr. Duff. You will also remember that in this Presidency, the Church of Scotland was among the very first of the societies which have rendered services to the cause of female education; and the ladies of the Bombay Mission have always been distinguished as helping the missionaries and as ministering with gentleness, as well as ability, to the educational wants of the natives—such ladies as Mrs. Stevenson, Mrs. Nesbit, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Murray Mitchell also, and both the first and the second Mrs. Wilson. You have doubtless many of you read the memoir which was written by Dr. Wilson himself as a tribute to the memory of his first wife. I believe, also, that the schoolhouse adjoining this building was constructed especially in memory of the second Mrs. Wilson, who must have been seen by many of you who are now present. But, above all, you should bear in constant remembrance the name of Dr. Wilson himself. I cannot but think of him when I am standing in this building. This church, I understand, was constructed specially upon a plan drawn by himself; he was the person who mainly made the arrangements, financial and other, by which this building has been constructed, and I doubt not his eloquent voice must have often been heard within these walls. You have done well, sir, rather the head of your institution has done well in asking me to present to you to-day medals which bear the image of Dr. Wilson himself. If you observe the memory, you will do well to refresh your recollection constantly by reading his works. Remember to read from time to time his books upon the Lands of the Bible, upon the history of the Parsees, upon Female Infanticide, his contributions to the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, his learned lectures delivered in the Mechanics' Institute in the Fort, and his posthumous work, which is now being brought out, regarding the various castes of the Hindoos. You may do well to read the summary of his labours on behalf of the Natives of India, as given in the address of welcome to him in the Town Hall in 1869, and which was signed by all the leading European and Native inhabitants of Bombay; and you may well read also the simple and yet touching narrative, which in reply he gave, of his many labours in the Bombay Presidency. When you look upon these walls, when you go to school, think of him; when you enter the library of the Asiatic Society here, think of him; when you enter the University, think of him as the greatest of its Vice-Chancellors. Young men, one of the most eloquent lecturers of modern times, I think it was Thackeray, speaking of the poetry of Addison said that his verse, his stanzas, shone forth upon the minds of the readers or of the hearers like stars from heaven. So let the memory of Wilson shine in your recollections. And, young men, when you think of your position as members of one of the leading institutions of the Church of Scotland, you will do well to reflect from time to time on the greatness of the foreign missions which are maintained by that Church. You are probably aware that not only in Bombay, but in all parts, or nearly all parts of Bengal, in various parts of Central India, in most parts of this Presidency, both in the Deccan and in the Concan, and in the Presidency of Madras, there are institutions belonging to this Mission. It is no exaggeration to say that at Bombay, at Calcutta, and at Madras the Free Church of Scotland has three of the most advanced colleges in institutions in British India. But, besides British India, look to the Missions which the Free Church maintains in South Africa, in Caffraria, in Natal, and in the country which was the scene of the last labours of Livingstone. You may think also of the Mission in Syria and Palestine, and also in the Western Hebrides, the islands of the West Pacific Ocean. The thought of all these missions should bring home to your minds some idea of the vast number of native pupils who are being educated. Here you see you are some hundreds in number, but though you are conscious you form only part of the vast number of students in all parts of the world belonging to this Free Church Mission, not less than 14,000 in number. You are here belonging to one institution, and there are four institutions within this Presidency; but remember that the Free Church Mission throughout the world has no less than 230 such institutions. You may be acquainted here with a limited number, 10, 15, or 20 missionaries, European and Native in this Presidency. But remember that they form but a small portion of the number, not less than 450 missionaries, European and Native, who are maintained by the Mission in various parts of the world. Then, again, you must remember that there have been connected with these missions not only those great missionaries whom I have mentioned, but some of the greatest names also of the ecclesiastical history of Scotland, such names as Chalmers, as Candlish, and as Urquhart. Remember Candlish and Chalmers are household words through the whole British nation. They are men whose names will live in history; and yet it is to their labours that you owe the formation of this very Mission by which you benefit. These are men, too, whose characters, who have sent out to India such missionaries as those I have mentioned, such men as Duff, and Hislop, and Wilson, and Anderson, and many others who are still living, men who are just as great, just as worthy of your admiration, as the soldiers, the statesmen or the administrators, whom England has sent forth to conquer and administer these vast territories. But besides that, gentlemen, you may with advantage reflect upon the great financial resources of these missions. Happily, I believe, this particular institution is not only flourishing as almost to be self-supporting, from fees which are realised from the parents of the students; but remember that however fortunately situated this institution may be, there are many institutions in all those countries that I have mentioned which must be supported by funds either raised on the spot, or raised in Britain, indeed raised in Scotland. The income, as I make out, received from friends, either at home or abroad, and exclusive of Government grants in aid, cannot be less than 4 lakhs of rupees per annum, or £45,000. The sum of 4½ lakhs of rupees is one that will come roadily within your understanding; and consider what a large income that is. And remember, too, that this income is given, not by friends with whom you are personally acquainted, particularly by us who live among you, but by people whom you never knew, whom you never can know. This large income is subscribed by persons who will never see you, who will never visit the countries which you inhabit, who will never even know the name of your language; these sums are subscribed by people who deem it their duty to give something for the cause of religion, and in obedience to the commands of God. But besides that, if you refer to the report which is annually published by the Secretary to the Mission at the head-quarters in Edinburgh you will have some idea of the enormous sum which has been raised by the Free Church of Scotland since it was formed, in the year 1843 or 1844. I find that the sums raised since that date amount to not less than 51 lacs of rupees. Besides that 10 lakhs more have been raised for buildings, and several other lakhs have been raised by friends in foreign countries, so I suppose that the sums raised in Scotland alone are not less on that whole than 50 lakhs of rupees, and the sums raised in the world altogether for this Mission are not less than 70 lakhs—30 lakhs in addition to the 50 lakhs, or 70 lakhs in all or £700,000. Now, consider that that means nearly three-quarters of a crore of rupees raised by this little Free Church of Scotland within the last 34 years. When I say little, I only mean that in a numerical sense, for though small in numbers, the Free Church of Scotland is truly great in achievements. Scotland, indeed, fills so large a space in the annals of the British Empire, that you might suppose it to be a much larger country and its people a much larger people than is really the case. Why the whole population of Scotland is not more than 3½ millions, and I suppose that not more than half of that number belong to the Free Church of Scotland. Then, consider the enormous sums of money, amounting to many crores of rupees, or millions of pounds sterling which that Church has raised for its own support in its native land since its formation in 1844, only 34 years ago, and besides this, the large sum I have mentioned, hardly less than three-quarters of a crore of rupees, or 70 lakhs, has been raised by that Church for these foreign missions. Truly, gentlemen, these figures are eloquent. And, eloquent of what? They are eloquent of the practical effects of Christianity in teaching people to make sacrifices for what they believe to be the cause of their religion. Then, gentlemen, one word more in reference to the scientific knowledge that was alluded to in the address which was recited by one of your number on this occasion, and which has been alluded to by Dr. Mackichan. Let me assure you that science, physical science, if rightly understood, can never be contrary to that religious instruction which you receive here. There are some people who suppose that religious societies are afraid of the progress of physical science. Let me assure you that no supposition can be farther from the truth. In proof of that, look to the great am

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS

HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND ..... £ 800,000

LONDON BANKERS.
THE BANK OF ENGLAND,
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON,
AND
MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO AND SON.

CURRENT DEPOSITS.

INTEREST is allowed at TWO PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balances.

Terms for Deposits at 7 and 14 days' notice and at 3, 6, and 12 months certain may be obtained on application to the Bank.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris.

A. RENAUD, Manager.

14, Rampart Row, W.

WHEATLEY, MADDEN & CO.,
FINANCIAL AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE to Officers of the Army and Members of the Civil Services of India, Merchants, Clubs and the Public generally.—Messrs. W. M. and Co. are prepared to GRANT DRAFTS on their London Agents or to purchase Demand Bank drafts at the very best rates of Exchange *without any commission.*

Remittances in full MUST accompany instructions.

Current and *Deposit Accounts* kept. Agency terms may be had on application. London Agents: GEO. W. WHEATLEY & Co., and RIDGWAY and SONS.

NOTICES.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to
OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
26, Apollo Street, Bombay.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the CHAMBER of COMMERCE will be held on FRIDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3 o'clock p. m.

By order of the Committee,
J. GORDON,
Secretary.

Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 13th March 1878.

HOME AND EDUCATION.

MRS. ANDREW HAMILTON, Rutland House, Sale, Cheshire, wishes to receive Children of Parents residing in India to educate with her own, aged from six to twelve years. Resident foreign Governess. Terms inclusive 80 to 100 Guineas payable quarterly in advance. References kindly permitted to J. K. BYTHELL, Esq., Sale, of Bombay; J. RENSHAW, Esq., M. D., Sale; Rev. G. CORT, M. A., Sale and Bombay.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.

MOST COMFORTABLE PHAETONS and easy running Tongas from Poona to Mahableshwar can be had at Rs. 35 and Rs. 25 respectively, including all charges by applying to

PEROSHAW BURJORJEE,
PROPRIETOR OF STAGE CARRIAGES,
MAIN STREET, POONA.

WINDMILL PNEUMATIC PUMPS,
MADE and PATENTED in AMERICA.

FOR COMPRESSING AIR and RAISING WATER for Irrigation and for Supplying Cities, Mills Railway Tanks or Gardens.

AGENT FOR INDIA,
H. BALLANTINE,
Care of Messrs. Ewart, Latham and Co., Bombay.

SCHOOL HOME IN JERSEY, CHANNEL ISLES.

THE MISSES LE QUESNE offer the comforts of home with careful training and a thorough Education to the Daughters of Indian Officers of all branches of H. M. Service. The highest references, particulars of terms and of the salubrity of the island supplied on application to

MISS LE QUESNE,
Balmoral Terrace, Jersey.

MR. P. A. LOPEZ,
PIANIST, SOLO VIOLINIST AND VIOLENCELLIST.

BEGS to solicit the patronage of the Public, and especially his former Constituents, will undertake to Repair, Tune, and give Lessons on the Piano, Harmonium, Violin, &c. either at the pupils' houses or at his own place.

☞ THE TERRACE, opposite Bolton & Co., Byculla.

MESSRS. W. NICOL & Co.,
METAL MART & BYCULLA IRON WORKS,
AGENTS for Clayton and Shuttleworth's Portable Engines, J. and H. Gwynne's Centrifugal Pumps, Aveling and Porter's Steam Road Rollers, D. New and Co.'s Machine Tools, Val de Travers Asphalte Co., Silicate Paint Co., &c. Specialities from these Makers always available, also Fire Engines, Hand Pumps, Pipes, Engineers' and Contractor's Plant and Iron of all qualities.

Ornamental and general Castings, Forgings, Girders, Roofs, Cranes, Mortar and Rock Mills, and all classes of Ironwork executed with despatch under European superintendence at the BYCULLA IRON WORKS.

THE NEW WARRANT OF PRECEDENCE,
WITH THE
SUPPLEMENTARY GRADED LIST,
Issued on the 1st November 1877.

In pamphlet form, price 8 as.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE.

For Sale at this Office,
MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR.

No. I.
COLOURED MAP
OF
TURKEY IN EUROPE
WITH BESSARABIA.

Size 20½ by 13½ inch.

PRICE—MOUNTED ON CLOTH, RUPEE 1-6; WITH ROLLERS, Re. 1-8.

No. II.
MAP OF TURKEY IN ASIA.

Size 23½ by 16 inch.

PRICE—To Subscribers to this Journal...Rs. 0 4
To Non-Subscribers 1 0
Mounted on Cloth ..... 8 As extra.
" " with Rollers.10 "

OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY.
A BLENDING
OF THE FINEST OLD
CAMPBELTOWN
AND
ISLAY WHISKIES,
SELECTED FOR AND IMPORTED
BY THE
UNDERSIGNED.

Per Dozen, Rs. 23.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGISTS,
MANUFACTURERS of AERATED WATERS
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

FRESH STORES
JUST RECEIVED PER S. S. KASHGAR.

Prime Cumberland Hams in Canvas.
Best Streaky Breakfast Bacon.
Double Gloster Cheese.
Cheddar "
Sruyere "
Stilton "
Biscuits by Huntley and Palmer, 1 lb. Tins, Mixed, Ginger Nuts, Digestive, Picnic, Rich and Plain Arrowroot, Dessert Osborne, Oval Thin Captain, &c.
Swiss Milk prepared in Switzerland.
Confectionery, Chocolate Menier, &c.

ORDERS ACCOMPANIED BY CASH FOR THE AMERICAN HAM, BEEF AND TONGUE

In Tins, Cooked and ready for Table use ARE NOW REGISTERED.

Early application is requested to avoid disappointment.

OYSTERS, FISH AND ICE
Supplied to Residents in the Mofussil
FOR CASH ONLY.
PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION TO
W. J. ESSAI,
WINE AND PROVISION STORES,
Corner of Meadow and Forbes Streets Fort, Bombay.

HOTELS.

GARBUT HOTEL,
GARBUT HALL, MATHERAN.

ONE of the most elevated Bungalows in Matheran and commands a very pleasant view.

BRANCH of the POONA HOTEL. BAZAR SUPPLIES received direct from BOMBAY and POONA DAILY.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL AND PINTO'S HOTEL MATHERAN.

MR. J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor of the both Hotels, begs to inform the Public that the above Hotels are now OPEN to VISITORS. There are seven separate Bungalows attached to the Hotels well adapted for Families, for whose comfort every care is taken. The Hotels are well situated, occupy a central position, and are therefore very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS. They are also nearest to the Station and in a breezy locality under the shade of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool. Mr. Pinto undertakes to look after Bungalows on the Hill at a charge of Rs. 30 per annum. The following BUNGALOWS are TO LET for next season:—

Cama Cottage	Rs. 500
Parbut House contains 3 bed-rooms, 4 bath-rooms, and 1 dressing, drawing and dinning room	" 600
Walker's House	" 500
Keepsake	" 350

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

AUSTRALIAN WINE from ST. HUBERT'S VINEYARD:

CHASSELAS (White)	Rs. 10 per doz.	quarts.
HERMITAGE (Red)	" 10 "	"

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.

WM. WATSON & Co.,
24, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

	Per Doz. Qtr.	2 Doz. Pts.
LOUIS ROEDERER'S Champagne	Rs. 56	Rs. 58 8
HAMILTON & GRIEVE'S Champagne	50	51 0
ASHBURNER'S Champagne	38	40 0
SPARKLING SAUMUR Carte Blanche	28	30 0
SPARKLING SAUMUR Carte d'Or	32	34 0

LIST OF WINES FOR SALE at the Godowns of the Undersigned:—

BORDEAUX.

St. Estéphe	Rs. 11	per doz. Qts.
Margaux	15	do.
Médoc Pauillac	" 22	do.
Chateau Le Roc	" 24½	do.
Cantemerle	" 31	do.

WHITE BORDEAUX.

Grave	Rs. 15	per doz. Qts.
Do. No. I	" 19	do.
Do. Superior	" 21½	do.

HOCKS.

Laubenheim	Rs. 16	per doz. Qts.
Geisenheim	" 19	do.
Scharlachberg	" 28	do.
Liebfraumilch	" 32	do.
Rauenthal	" 37½	do.
Gusenheim Rothenberg	" 40	do.
Rudesheimberg	" 41	do.
Marcobrunner	" 44	do.
Hockheim Dorn Dechaney	" 45	do.
Steinberg	" 48	do.

BRANDIES.

Cognac	Rs. 31	per doz. Qts.
Do. Vieux	" 33	do.
Do. Fine Champagne	" 38½	do.

VERMOUTH.

Premier qualite	Rs. 14½	per doz. Qts.
Do. do.	" 8	do. Pts.

CHAMPAGNE,

H. Piper & Co.	Rs. 45	per doz. Qts.
LeForestier	" 41½	do.

GEORGE LOCKHART & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
H. PIPER & CO. of REIMS
and A. LAPORTERIE of BORDEAUX.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the Undersigned:—

CLARETS:—FROM H. AND C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX—

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 14	per doz. Qts
Les Canons	" 18	"
Chateau Leoville	" 24	"
Chateau Lafitte	" 28	"

HOCKS:—FROM G. M. FABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE,

Laubenheimer	Rs. 16	per doz. Qts.
Geisenheimer	" 18	per doz. Qts.
Liebfraumilch	" 22	"
Do.	" 25	per case of 2 doz. Pts.
Steinwein	" 22	per doz. Qts.
Hochheimer	" 24	"
Rudesheimer	" 30	"
Marcobrunner	" 30	"
Queen Victoria Berg	" 36	"

BEER:—

Norwegian Beer in 3 doz. cases at... *Just landed ex Steamer Stelvio.*	Rs. 6	"
Kreuznacher Export Beer in champagne bottles (3 dozen cases)	Rs. 6-8	per doz.
Do. do. ordinary Quart bottles (4 dozen cases)	" 6	"

BRANDY:—

Boulestin & Co.'s * Star Cognac	" 22	"
P. Denis Gabriel Gadrad & Co.'s Cognac * Star	" 20	"
Do. do. ** Stars	" 23	"
Do. do. *** Stars	" 27	"
Fromy and Roge's well known *** Stars	" 30	"

CHAMPAGNE:—

Real Eugene Clicquot of Reims	Rs. 26	per doz. Qts.
Do. do. do.	" 40	per case of 2 doz. Pts.
Aubert Royer and Fils Fleur de Sillery	" 35	"
Carte Blanche ditto	" 40	"
Bouzy, superior quality, from the Société Orientale, Epernay	" 30	per doz. Qts.
Do. do. do.	" 32	per case of 2 doz. Pts.

ASPARAGUS:—

Best German	Rs. 25	per dos. large Tins.

Special terms for Regimental Messes, Clubs, &c. Outstation orders must be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

VOLKART BROTHERS.
Bombay, Rampart Row, Fort.

NOTICES.

TARPAULINS.

IN addition to the new WATERPROOF MATERIAL advertised by us, we still continue to make the celebrated PATENT IMPROVED TARPAULINS, which we have manufactured so successfully for the past 18 years.

These were the only Tarpaulins specially ordered by the Government of India for the BHOOTAN, ABYSSINIAN, LUSHAIE, GARO, & PERAK EXPEDITIONS.

Sizes in general use always in stock.

F. HARLEY & Co., Calcutta.

ASTHMA
AND CHRONIC BRONCHITIS. THE MOST
AFFECTUAL
REMEDY IS
DATURA TATULA,
prepared in all forms for smoking and inhalation, by
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond Street, London, and Sold by them and all
CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

ORNAMENTAL IRONWORK.

Lamp Pillars, Gas Lamps, Gates, Railings, Fountains, Vases, Verandahs, Conservatories, Staircases, and every description of Ironwork.

TURNER & ALLEN,
(W. T. ALLEN & CO.,)
ESTABLISHED 1847.

New and Choice Designs, with Prices, are forwarded to any part of the world, on receipt of 12 stamps. Estimates for Works at Home and Abroad.

2, SOMERSET BUILDINGS,
Lambeth Hill, Upper Thames Street, London.
(LATE F 203, UPPER THAMES STREET.)

REMOVAL NOTICE.

PELLATT & Co.,
FALCON GLASS WORKS, LONDON,
Respectfully inform their Friends and the Public that they have REMOVED to their
NEW SHOW ROOMS AND OFFICES,
17, ST. BRIDE STREET, LUDGATE CIRCUS, where may be seen samples of every description of
TABLE GLASS, for household use, Regimental Messes, Hotels, Confectioners, Ships' Cabins, &c.: also
CHANDELIERS, for Gas, Kerosine or Candles.
CHINA and STONE WARE, for Breakfast, Dinner, Dessert and Tea Service.
CHEMICAL GLASS WARE, Steam Gauges, Vials, &c.
ELECTROPLATE, LINEN, CLOCKS, LAMPS, and all MESS and HOTEL requisites.

*** All orders must be accompanied by a remittance or London reference and addressed to the Offices,
17, ST. BRIDE STREET, LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON.
PELLATT & Co., Glass Manufacturers.

SARSAPARILLA,
Wilkinson's Essence of Fluid Extract of
REDJAMAICA SARSAPARILLA
IS THE ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED BY THE FACULTY AS A WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD.

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION OF BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE OF RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY (in accordance with the instructions given), the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend your *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla.*"—*Medical Review.*

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequels of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

The late Lord Clyde writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* CURED me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON, 270, Regent Street, London
Sold in quarter half, and pint bottles.

CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark (W. in a diamond) at the bottom of the bottle.

WILKINSON'S
BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.
AROMATIC TINCTURE OF QUINODINE.

WHITMORE'S
COMPOUND LINIMENT OF ARNICA.
WHITMORE'S,
STOMACHIC AND LIVER PILLS.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON, 270, Regent Street, London,
Agents.—Treacher & Co.; Kemp & Co.; Rogers & Co.; Bolton & Co., Bombay; and respectable Firms in India.

WANTED.

A MERCANTILE FIRM in one of the Presidency Towns, chiefly engaged in the Piece Goods Import Trade, will have a VACANCY for an EXPERIENCED MAN of BUSINESS about the beginning of the next cold weather.

The undermentioned are authorized to receive applications from gentlemen who have undergone a practical training in a good London Office connected with the Indian Trade, and can give satisfactory evidence of their having acquired sufficient experience in this country to enable them to conduct a business if left in sole charge. A liberal arrangement will be offered to a really eligible person. All communications will be considered strictly private and applications will be received here to the end of March and in London to the end of May. Applicants must state their views as to salary, term of engagement, age, &c., and give references in this country or at Home.

Address "MERCATOR" care of CHARLES SANDERSON, Esq., of Messrs. SANDERSON & Co., Solicitors, Calcutta, or Messrs. BAILEYS, SHAW and GILLETT, Solicitors, 5, Berners Street, Oxford Street, London.

NOTICES.

THE GREAT PARSEE BREACH OF PROMISE OF MARRIAGE CASE.

WILL BE READY in a week, a VERBATIM REPORT of the JUDGMENT in this case. Apply to the *Native Opinion* Office, near the Girgaum Police Court, Messrs. ATMARAM SAGOON and Co., Booksellers, Kalbadevi.

NOTICE TO COAL CONSUMERS.

GRAHAM'S LONGRIGG STEAM COAL.

TO BE SOLD, by PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 21st inst., at 4 p.m., at Graham's Buildings, a cargo of the above, consisting of about 1,500 Tons per Ship Orthes, which sailed from the Clyde in December last, and which will probably arrive here early in April.

Terms as customary.

Further particulars can be ascertained on enquiry.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

BY ORDER OF THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS, S. D.

AUCTION SALE OF TIMBER (DEADWOOD).

ON and after TUESDAY, the 19th inst., at the Kodibag Depôt, Karwar,

2516 TEAK LOGS	=	3570 Candies
58 BLACKWOOD	=	89 "
15 JUNGLEWOOD	=	39 "

will be put up at a fixed upset price in lots of about 50 Candies.

TERMS.
READY MONEY.
R. G. C. WESTBROOK,
Superintendent.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
A
P. GRANT AND SON'S,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WHIPS, SPURS,
AND
MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Livery for Horses on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month including syce. Horses in infirmary Re. 1 per day; Commission Re. 17 from Purchaser and Seller on horse sold.

Every care and attention devoted to shoeing and breaking to harness, both being under our immediate supervision. Horses not from up-country will meet with a ready market.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION, a NUMBER of HORSES broken to single and double harness, and also for saddle.

ROBERT SCOTT & Co.
Girgaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, Nov. 8, 1877.

COCONADA CIGARS!!!
ROBERTS & Co.,
Cigar Manufacturers, Cocconada.
(ESTABLISHED 1865.)

DIPLOMA OF HONOR awarded at Vienna Exhibition of 1873 for superior quality and excellence of manufacture. Cigars guaranteed to be manufactured of the best Lunka Tobacco obtainable. One hundred sample cigars (of 20 different kinds) packed in tin, *post free*, to any part of India for a remittance of Rs. 3-8-0.

Remittances to accompany orders except to approved customers.

Orders for 5,000 or more cigars delivered free of all charges at any *Indian Port.*

Price list and further particulars furnished on application.

GREENER'S GUNS, &c., FOR SALE.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENT 25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT off the undermentioned prices, will be allowed to purchasers:—

Double-barrel B. L. Choke-Bore GUNS, Double Grip, Back action Lock, taking the Ordinary 12 Bore Cartridge Case, in Black Case, with Implements complete	Rs. 350
Ditto Treble wedge-fastaction, first quality, in Leather Case, complete	560 0
Chilled Shot for above Guns, per bag	7 8
D. B. RIFLE, taking the regulation Snider Cartridge	315 0
D. B. R. L. GUN, 12 bore, snap action, in case, complete	380 0
Ditto, 12 bore Double Grip, Back Action Lock, in case, complete	315
Greener's New Book "CHOKE BORE GUNS, and how to load for all kinds of Game" Rs. 2-8, or by post..	3-0 net.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

MAZAGON COMPANY LIMITED,
IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company are lying at the Office of the Liquidators, No. 33, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, and that all persons to whom shares in the Company have been transferred, but who have not registered their transfers, are hereby required to register them on or before the 31st day of March instant, after which date the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be finally CLOSED and the shares in the Mazagon Manufacturing Company, Limited, to be handed to the Liquidators of the above Company for the purpose of distribution amongst the shareholders, will be distributed to such persons as appear from the said Transfer Books to be entitled to share in such distribution.—Dated this 12th day of March 1878.

JEHANGIER GUSTADJEE,
ARDESHEER B. KAPADIA,
Liquidators of the Mazagon Company, Limited

PRIZE MEDAL INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1874.

ROWLAND AND Co.,
SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT
25, MEADOW STREET, FORT,
Opposite the Oriental Bank,
BOMBAY.

ALL DESCRIPTIONS of SADDLERY, HARNESS, MILITARY and POLICE ACCOUTREMENTS, Double and Single Leather Machine Bands, Fire Engine Hose and Buckets, &c., EXECUTED of the best materials under a highly experienced Foreman at reasonable rates and on the shortest notice.

Consignments of the above, as also of Gold, Silver and Electroplated mounted Whips, Spurs, Bridles of all descriptions, Fancy Leather Goods, Gymkhana Kits, &c., are regularly received.

Out-station Orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

LANOWLEE HOTEL LOTTERY.

TICKETS RUPEES (2) EACH.

THE DRAWING of the above Lottery will be held on the 20th April 1878.

Agents are requested to submit their accounts and the amount realized by sale of tickets, together with the counterfoils on or before the 15th April next to the Undersigned, and only those numbers of which payment has been received will be included in the Drawing.

Winning numbers will be published for general information besides being notified through the several agents.

The Drawing will take place before a Committee consisting of the following members:—

MR. W. A. SMITH.
" W. WATSON.
" SHREEDHUR WITHUL DATAY.
" P. DORABJEE.
" D. HORMUSJEE.
" GOPALROW VISHWANATH.

Tickets are being sold fast, and are available with the undersigned and several agents.

Applications for Tickets after the 15th April 1878 to the day of the Drawing should be made to the Undersigned.

Telegrams will be attended to.

A. MERWANJEE,
Proprietor, Lanowlee Hotel.

Lanowlee, March 1, 1878.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perr Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND

And a complete mitigator of Pain.
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES.

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM it has no equal.

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, or any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by Chemists all over the Id.

Beware of Imitations exposed for in the Ind an Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT in BOMBAY,
ESUFALLY HIPTULLA,
No. 39, Pir Market, near Jumma Musjid.

JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE,
CABINET MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, AND GENERAL MANUFACTURER,
SHOW ROOM
of
CARVED AND PLAIN BLACKWOOD, TEAKWOOD, EBONY,
AND
FANCY GILDED FURNITURE,
FOR
DRAWING AND DINING ROOMS, BOUDOIR, OFFICES, ANTE-ROOM, CAMP MESSES, AND CLUBS, DURBAR HALLS, &c., &c.

THE PICTURE GALLERY
CONTAINS THE LARGEST STOCK IN BOMBAY
OF
OLEOGRAPHS AND CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS.
Framed in Suitable Frames of the Newest Patterns.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
LOOKING GLASSES,
OF VARIOUS SIZES,
FRAMED IN FANCY GILTED FRAMES.
STRANGERS TO BOMBAY SHOULD PAY THE WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT A VISIT.
KALBADAVIE ROAD, BOMBAY.

SUPERIOR ENGLISH HOSIERY.

SPECIALLY MANUFACTURED FOR INDIAN WEAR.

CASH PRICE LIST.

GENTS' BANIANS.

	Rs. A.
Fine Gauze Merino	Six. 14 0
Superfine Saxony	" 21 0
Best Super A. & Co.'s Special make, thrinklene	" 27 0
Summer Merino, medium substance	" 36 0
Real India Gauze	" 40 0
Warranted Half Silk	" 45 0
Shetland Merino Long Sleeves for Cold Districts	6 0
Scotch Shetland Lambswool for Overland Passengers	7 8

GENTS' DRAWERS.

Fine Dressed Cotton	3 12
Fine Dressed Cotton Trunk, for Ridding, fitting closely above the knee	4 12
Fine Summer Merino	7 8
Fine Summer Merino Spliced Double Riding Seats	7 8
Stout Grey Shetland for Travellers	6 8
Bathing Drawers per pair	2 0

GENTS' COTTON SOCKS.
Double Feet and Heels.

	Rs. A.
Fine Brown Cotton	Doz. 9 8
Super "	" 13 8
Fine Fancy Colours	" 15 0
Extra Super	" 18 0
Best Fancy Stripes	" 19 0
Best Lisle Thread Striped	" 22 0
Real Balbriggan	" 30 0

KNICKERBOCKERS.
For Sportsmen.

Ribbed Merino	per pair. 5 8
Stout Knits	" 3 8
Stout Knitt Socks	" 3 8

PURE MERINO SOCKS.
Soft and Shrinkless.

Plain Mixtures	Doz. 15 8
Drab or Fawn	" 18 8
Drabs, Fawns and Browns	" 19 0
Superfine, a Special Article	" 21 "
Fine Striped Merino, very Soft and Elastic	" 24 0
Real Scotch Lambswool for the Hills	" 25 0
Stout Ribbed Knitted per pair	" 3 8

SILK SOCKS AND HOSE.

Black Silk Socks.....per pair	7 8 & 8 8
Black Silk Hose	" 12 6
White Silk Socks	" 7 8

SLEEPING KIT.

Oxford Cloth, Cool and Absorbing	10 0
Best Wove Flannel, Shrunk. This is a very Superior Article	18 0
Silk and Wool, a delightful texture, all the new Designs, or Plain Colors	18 0
Best Striped Cambric	6 8

PYJAMAS.

Printed Cambric	Six... 16 8
Oxford Cloth	each... 5 0
Wove Flannel	each... 9 0

DRESSING GOWNS.

Oxford Cloth	10 0
Wove Flannel	17 0
Fancy Stripes, with Wool Girdle	29 0

CARDIGAN JACKETS.

Fine Berlin Wool	10 0
Extra Super	11 0
Brown or Drab Super Berlin Wool	16 0

ASQUITH AND COMPANY,
THE OVERLAND KIT WAREHOUSE,
8, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

DINNEFORD'S
FLUID
MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD & Co., Chemists, London,
And of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

N. B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

AGENTS—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

PIANOS! PIANOS!
JUST RECEIVED, IN PERFECT CONDITION,
A FEW
SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.
As imported by MR. NEUBERG for the last 13 years, with all the latest improvements.
PRICE Rs. 650, NETT CASH, inclusive of packing.

ALSO A FEW
SCHIEDMAYER'S SYMPATHETIC PIANOS,
PRICE Rs. 675, NETT CASH, inclusive of packing.

Both of solid Walnutwood and made expressly for India, by order of
J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELLERS.
23, RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY.

BEG to call the attention of the Public to the following SPECIALITIES in their large stock of which they can strongly recommend, and which have gained for their qualities as Timekeepers a widespread reputation.

THEIR SILVER 50 RS. LEVER WATCH.

The great and increasing demand for these Watches have induced Messrs. F., L. & Co. to make them in all sizes, and either in hunting, half-hunting, and open face cases.

The "smallest," the usual size of a Lady's Watch, would be an admirable substitute for a Lady's Gold Watch when travelling or for daily use.

THEIR SILVER 75 RS. WATCH

Has all the qualifications of the 50 Rupees Watch, but is in an extra heavy case with gold hinge. Its movement is fitted with a compensation balance and with a hair-spring system Breguet.

THEIR SILVER KEYLESS 110 RS. WATCH

Will satisfy the most critical observer.

The above three descriptions of Watches can be had in gold cases at Rs. 150, 200, and 250 respectively.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 40.

Messrs. F., L. & Co. can recommend this well finished Watch to anyone who requires a strong and serviceable time-keeper, and one which will bear the roughest work.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 60.

Messrs. F., L. & Co. would draw the attention of Railway Companies and employés to these Watches which are of extra large size and can be guaranteed and recommended as reliable time-keepers.

Samples will be sent and special terms be made with Railway or other Companies on an invoice given.

2 years' guarantee is given for all the above Watches.

Initials engraved gratis to buyers. Terms—Cash.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCH-MAKERS & JEWELLERS.

C. MARCKS & CO.,
WATCH-MAKERS,
JEWELLERS AND OPTICIANS.

BOMBAY,
4, Hummum Street.

POONA,
East Street.

BEG to offer their best thanks to their Bombay and Mofussil Constituents for their kind patronage during the past year, and having now considerably added to their stock and made careful arrangements for the efficient and speedy execution of all work in their Repairing Branch, venture to hope for a continuance of their liberal support.

Messrs. C. MARCKS & Co. beg to call attention to

AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF

Silver Hunting, Semi-Hunting, and Crystal Face Lever and Keyless Lever WATCHES, at Rs. 20, 30, 35, 40 45, 50, 60, 65, 75, 80, and 100 to Rs. 250.

A splendid Assortment of highly finished Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Keyless Lever Watches, with compensated balance-wheel, expressly manufactured for India.

Gold and Silver Chronometers, Quarter and Minute Repeaters, Chronographs, Perpetual Calendar Clock, Racing and Double Time Watches, &c., always in Stock.

Cheap Aluminium plated and German Silver Watches, from Rs. 20.

German Silver Keyless Lever Watches, just introduced, strong, serviceable and guaranteed to keep good time from Rs. 30 to Rs. 35.

JEWELLERY.

LADIES'		GENTLEMEN'S	
GOLD VICTORIA CHAINS.	EAR DROPS.	GOLD ALBERTS.	LOCKETS.
ALBERTS.	WEDDING RINGS.	STUDS.	CHARMS AND SEALS.
NECKLETS.	KEEPERS.	SLEEVE LINKS.	SPRING & SPLIT RINGS.
BRACELETS.	CROSSES.	SOLITAIRES.	SWIVELS.
BROOCHES.	RIBBON SLIDES.	SIGNET RINGS.	GOLD KEYS.
EAR-RINGS.		SCARF RINGS.	

A large Collection of Engagement Rings, set with Diamonds, Rubies, Sapphires, Opals, Turquoises, Pearls Corals, &c.

COMPLETE STOCK of Spectacles and Eye-glasses, of best Brazilian Pebble, in Gold, Silver, Steel and Tortoise-shell Frames.

The above have been specially selected by our Mr. MARCKS from the first Manufacturing Houses in London and the Continent.

WATCHES carefully examined and regulated and sent Post free to any part of India.

WATCHES under Rs. 50 are guaranteed for one year, above Rs. 50 for two years, accidents excepted.

WATCHES under Rs. 50 are guaranteed for one year, above Rs. 50 for two years, accidents excepted.

Repairs of every description of Watches, Clocks, Musical Boxes, and Jewellery undertaken and executed by Skilled Workmen with care and expedition.

Up-country Orders to be accompanied by Remittances or Reference in Bombay.

PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION.

C. MARCKS AND CO.,
BOMBAY, Hummum Street.
POONA, East Street.

FOR SALE,
INDIA TO ENGLAND by THE LEVANT AND THE DANUBE. Re-printed from the *Bombay Gazette*
PRICE—ONE RUPEE.
May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office and from Messrs. Thacker & Co.

Edition of 1878.—Just issued large 8vo, pp. 724, cloth, 8s., post free; or bound in half morocco, 10s. 6d.

THE
HOMŒOPATHIC DOMESTIC PHYSICIAN,
By Drs. PULTE and EPPS.
Revised, with important additions, and many new remedies, by
WASHINGTON EPPS, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.,
Physician to the London Homœopathic Hospital.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:—

General Diseases—Casual Diseases—Cutaneous Diseases.—Fevers—Affections of the Mind—the Head—the Eyes—the Ears—the Nose—the Face, Lips, and Jaws—the Teeth, Gums, and Mouth—the Windpipe and Chest—the Stomach and Bowels—the Urinary and Genital Organs—Diseases of Women—Treatment of Children—Anatomy and Physiology—Hygiene and Hydropathy—Materia Medica—Domestic Surgery—Medical and Surgical Appliances—Dislocations and Luxations—Fractures—Glossary—Index.

A complete Chest of Medicine (stoppered bottles), £4 4s. or £5 5s.—the larger chest has a strongly bound copy of the Physician enclosed.

JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, 48, THREADNEEDLE STREET, and 7, PICCADILLY, LONDON.

For Sale at this Office, under the authority of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

THE AMENDED FORM OF BILL OF LADING for Steamers from BOMBAY to LIVERPOOL via the SUEZ CANAL, as sanctioned by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, at their Meeting on the 28th August 1872. Price per 100 Copies, Rs. 4; 50 Copies, Rs. 2-8; 25 Copies, Rs. 1-4, and for single Copy, One Anna.

INSURE YOUR HEALTH
BY TAKING
HOCKING'S
IMPROVED SEIDLITZ POWDER.

IT